

CIMI NATIONAL TRENDS
AND REGIONAL PROFILES
(1991 TO 2020)

MARCH 2020

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INTRODUCTION

NATIONAL TRENDS

The first analysis presented below summarizes national trends for the all CIMI time-periods (1991 to 2020) and compares the overall gap between immigrants and the Canadian-born population for each of the CIMI's 22 unique indicators across four dimensions of integration: Economic, Social, Civic and Democratic Participation, and Health. Similar to the provincial and CMA analysis that follows, the national analysis compares outcomes for immigrants and non-immigrants while adjusting for differences across several sociodemographic factors to include sex, age, language, ethnicity and socioeconomic status (e.g., education, occupation and income). However, the national-level analysis differs from the provincial and CMA analysis in that rankings are not presented (i.e., the only context in which Canada could be ranked is among other nations). Instead, this information is intended to provide a baseline measure of the overall gaps between immigrants and non-immigrants, which can be used to provide context to the provincial and CMA rankings that follow. Please note that each national trend graph contains a "parity line" (————), which indicates if immigrants have better or worse outcomes than the Canadian-born population (above the parity line for 'positive' indicators such as the employment rate or below the parity line for 'negative' indicators such as the unemployment rate). In addition, an overall trend line (.....) is presented in each of the national trend graphs to facilitate ease of interpretation.

REGIONAL PROFILES

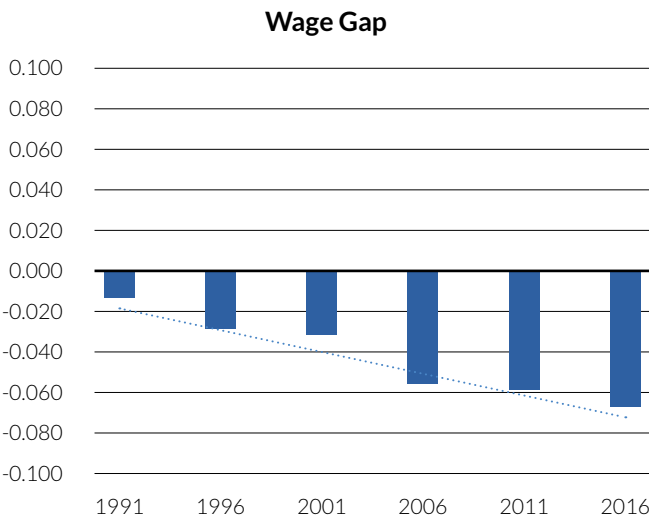
Following the national summary are regional profiles that summarize overall rankings and trends for 10 Canadian provinces and 35 Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs). CMA rankings are grouped by province (e.g., data for the province of Nova Scotia is presented along with data for the City of Halifax). Two levels of comparison are presented at the provincial level: (1) Immigrants vs. Canadian-born and (2) Recent vs. Established Immigrants. Recent immigrants are defined here as those who obtained a landed immigrant or permanent resident status up to five years prior to a given census year. Only the first comparison is made at the CMA-level, due to sample size limitations for several CMAs with smaller immigrant populations. Economic dimension rankings are based on the Census and are available for all years (1991 to 2016), however, rankings for the Social and Civic and Democratic Participation dimensions are only available for three out of six time periods (2003, 2008, 2013), based on data source availability (General Social Survey). Rankings for the CIMI's health dimension are based on the Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS) and are available for five time-periods starting in 2000 and most recently in 2018. Not all CMAs present rankings for all CIMI time periods* due to various reasons that include small sample sizes or availability of data. Also note that the "CIMI population" as reported in the regional profiles includes immigrants and the Canadian-born population between the ages of 18 and 64.

***CIMI Time Periods:** There are currently six time-periods observed by the CIMI, which are divided into five-year blocks that begin in Census years: 1991-1995, 1996-2000, 2001-2005, 2006-2010, 2011-2015, and 2016-2020. National-level data presented for each CIMI indicator corresponds to the actual data source and year of observation. For example, economic data is presented for 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006, 2011 and 2016 whereas social and civic and democratic participation data is presented for 2003, 2008 and 2013. Health data is presented for the years 2000, 2005, 2010, 2014 and 2018. The regional profiles, however, combine all data sources for each of the four dimension and are therefore presented in five-year blocks (e.g., 1991-1995, 1996-2000...).

ECONOMIC INDICATORS

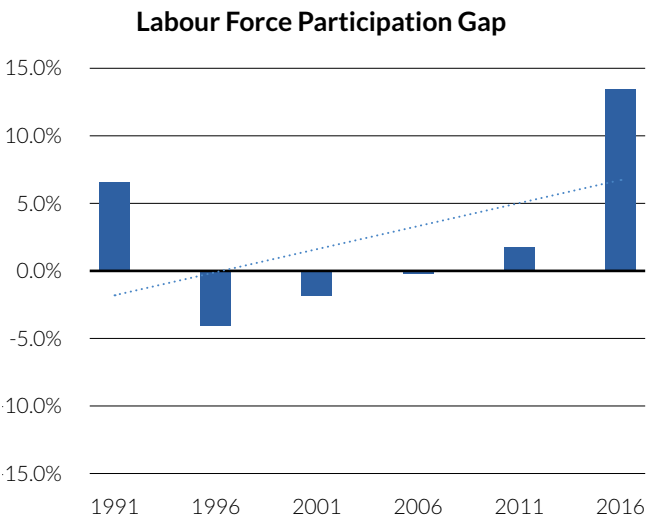
WAGES

The wage gap between immigrants and non-immigrants in Canada has grown steadily over the past quarter century. In 1991, the estimated wage gap for full-time employees was \$553 and by 2016 this gap had grown to an estimated \$5,941 when accountingt for socio-demographic differences. For part-time employees, the estimated wage gap in 1991 was \$338 and by 2016 this gap had grown to an estimated \$3,494 when accounting for socio-demographic differences.



LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

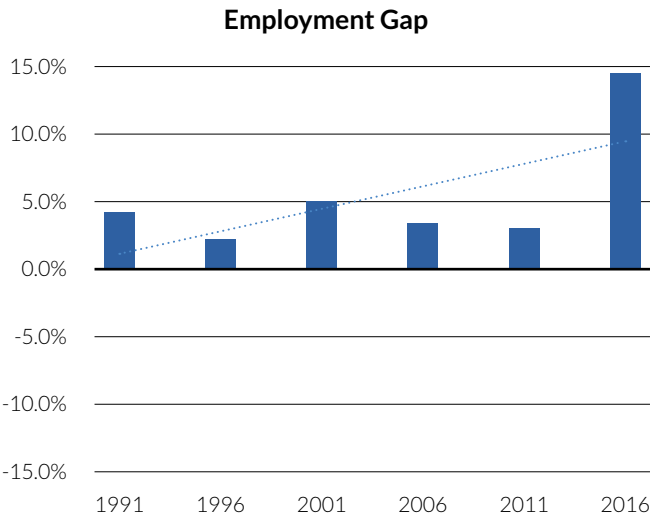
The gap in labour force participation rates has fluctuated over the past 25 years in Canada (1991-2016), but there has been an upward trend in labour force participation among immigrants relative to the Canadian-born population. In 1996, immigrants were 3.9% less likely to participate in the labour force compared to the Canadian-born population, whereas in 2016 they were 13.4% more likely to be in the labour force after accounting for socio-demographic differences.



Note: The original measurement scale used for the wage gap analysis is in Canadian \$. In the regression analysis, however, this variable was transformed using the square root function to correct for skewed data. The estimates presented in the text above result from retransforming the regression coefficients (by squaring them) and should therefore be interpreted with caution. For Labour Force Participation, the scale is in odds ratios where a value of 0 = “parity” or a zero gap between immigrants and non-immigrants; values >0 indicate that immigrants are more likely to be in the labour force than their Canadian-born counterparts whereas values <0 the opposite.

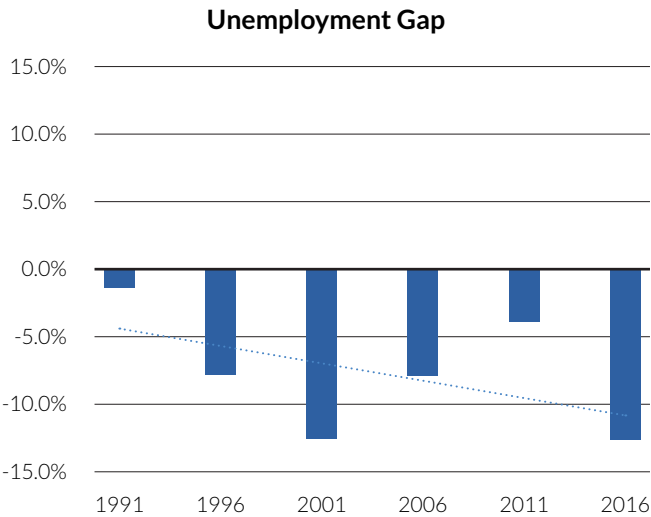
EMPLOYMENT RATE

Since 1991, immigrants have had higher employment rates than the Canadian-born population – typically a 2 to 5 percent higher. In 2016, however, the employment gap peaked with immigrants having a 14.4% higher employment rate than the Canadian-born population after accounting for socio-demographic differences.



UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

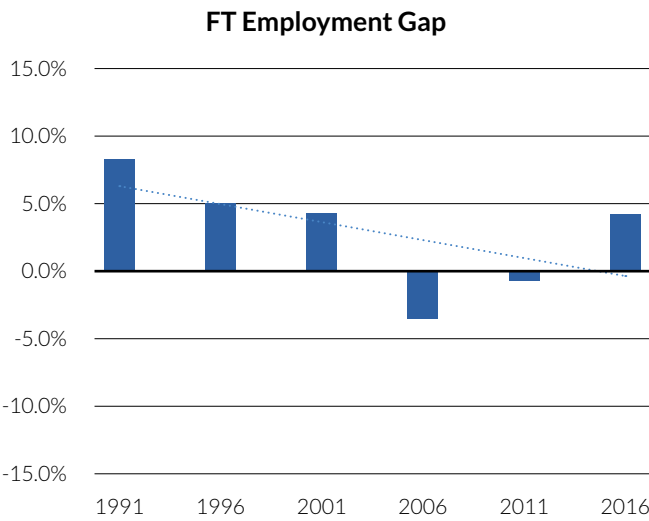
Immigrants in Canada generally have lower unemployment rates than the Canadian-born population and this holds true across all survey years. In 2016, for instance, immigrants were 12.6% less likely to be unemployed than the Canadian-born population with similar sociodemographic characteristics.



Note: The measurement scale used for this analysis is in odds ratios where a value of 0 = “parity” or a zero gap between immigrants and non-immigrants; values >0 indicate that immigrants are more likely to be employed / unemployed than their Canadian-born counterparts whereas values <0 indicate that the Canadian-born are more likely to be employed / unemployed.

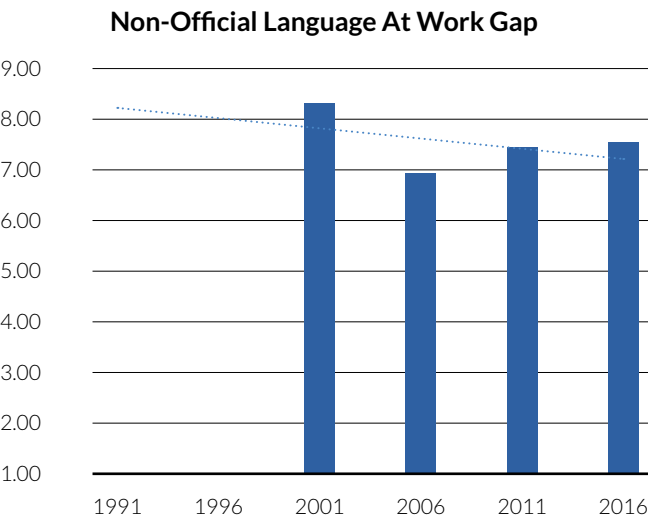
FULL-TIME EMPLOYMENT RATE

From 1991 to 2016, there was a downward trend in regard to full-time employment status for immigrants compared to non-immigrants in Canada. In 1991, immigrants were 8.3% more likely to be employed full-time whereas in 2006 they were 3.3% less likely to secure full-time employment when accounting for socio-demographic differences.



NON-OFFICIAL LANGUAGE AT WORK

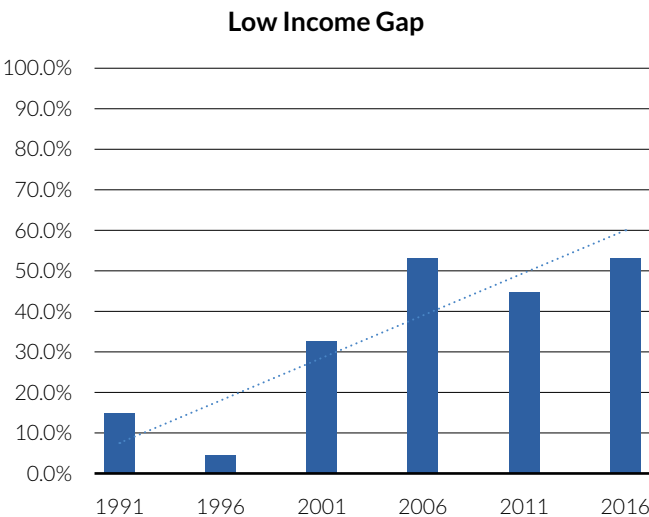
Immigrants are much more likely than the Canadian-born population to speak a non-official language at work and this holds true across all years. In 2016, immigrants were 7.5x more likely to speak a language other than English or French at work when accounting for socio-demographic differences.



Note: The measurement scale used for this analysis is in odds ratios where a value of 0 = “parity” or a zero gap between immigrants and non-immigrants; values >0 indicate that immigrants are more likely than their Canadian-born counterparts to be employed full-time / use a non-official language at work whereas values <0 indicate that immigrants are less likely counterparts to be employed full-time / use a non-official language at work.

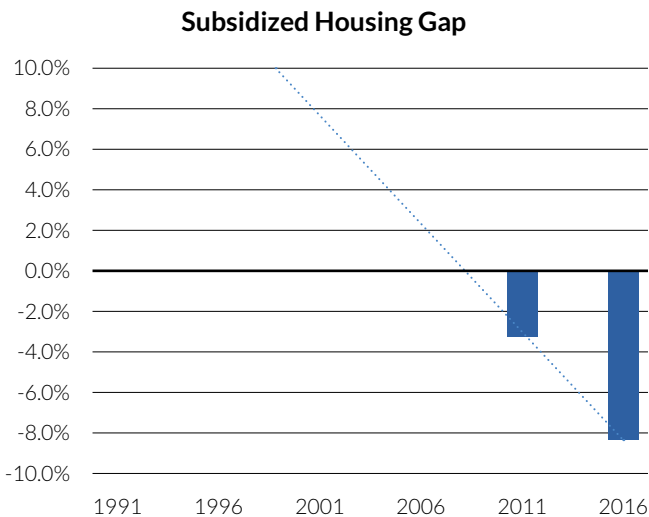
LOW-INCOME CUT-OFFS (LICOs)

Immigrants are much more likely to be living in low income than the Canadian-born. In 2016, for instance, immigrants had a 53.2% higher likelihood of living with low income relative to the Canadian-born population with similar characteristics.



SUBSIDIZED HOUSING

Immigrants with similar characteristics to the Canadian-born population were less likely to be living in subsidized housing in 2011 and 2016 (3.0% lower likelihood in 2011 and 8.3% lower likelihood in 2016) – the only two years with available data.

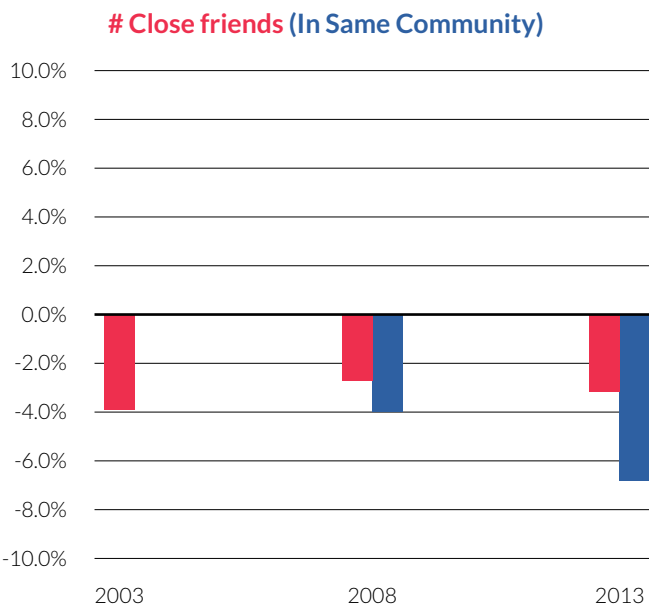


Note: The measurement scale used for this analysis is in odds ratios where a value of 0 = “parity” or a zero gap between immigrants and non-immigrants; values >0 indicate that immigrants are more likely than their Canadian-born counterparts to be living below the low-income cut-offs (LICOs) or in subsidized housing whereas values <0 indicate that immigrants are less likely counterparts to be living below the low-income cut-offs (LICOs) or in subsidized housing.

SOCIAL INDICATORS

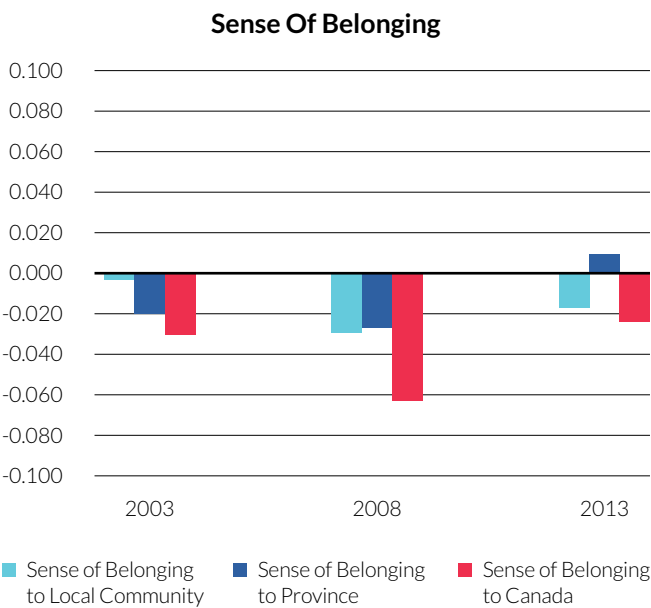
NUMBER OF CLOSE FRIENDS (LIVING IN THE SAME CITY/COMMUNITY)

The Canadian-born population reported having more friends in general (and more friends living in the same city or community) than Canada’s immigrant population from 2003 to 2013. After adjusting for sociodemographic differences, this gap in the number of friends is minimal yet still statistically significant.



SENSE OF BELONGING (TO THE COMMUNITY, PROVINCE, AND CANADA)

Immigrants show a lower sense of belonging to the nation than to their local community or province. In 2013, however, immigrants did show a slightly higher sense of belonging to their province than the Canadian-born population (~ 1% higher odds, after controlling for sociodemographic factors).



Note: In 2003, the value for the indicators to the above right is the average of the following categories of close friends: (1) None, (2) “1-2”, (3) “3-5”, (4) “6-10”, (5) “11-20”, (6) “More than 20”. In the other years, the value is the average of the actual number of close friends. The measurement scale used for the sense of belonging analysis is a Likert-scale where a value of 1 = “very low sense of belonging” and a value of 4 = “very strong sense belonging”. Also note that the province of Quebec is excluded from the sense of belonging to Canada indicator because of its uniqueness within the Canadian context (see FAQs @ integrationindex.ca for more information). Also note that there is no graph presented for the trend on victim of discrimination in the past five years because data was only available for one year (2013).

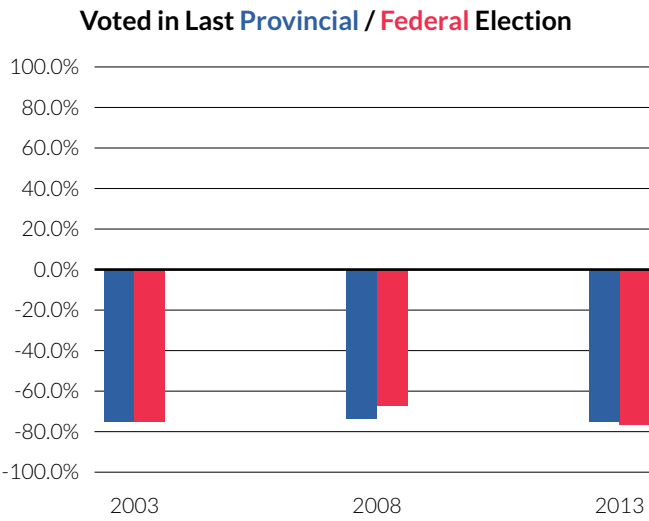
VICTIM OF DISCRIMINATION

The CIMI’s social dimension also includes an indicator for victim of discrimination in the past five years, obtained from the General Social Survey (Social Identity Cycle) in 2013. Since there was only one year with available data, a national trend analysis was not conducted. At least three time points are required to establish a trend. We can however report that in 2013, immigrants were actually 18.5% less likely to experience discrimination in the past five years relative to the Canadian-born population once a set of control measures were introduced into the equation (i.e., sex, age, visible minority status, language, etc.).

CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC PARTICIPATION INDICATORS

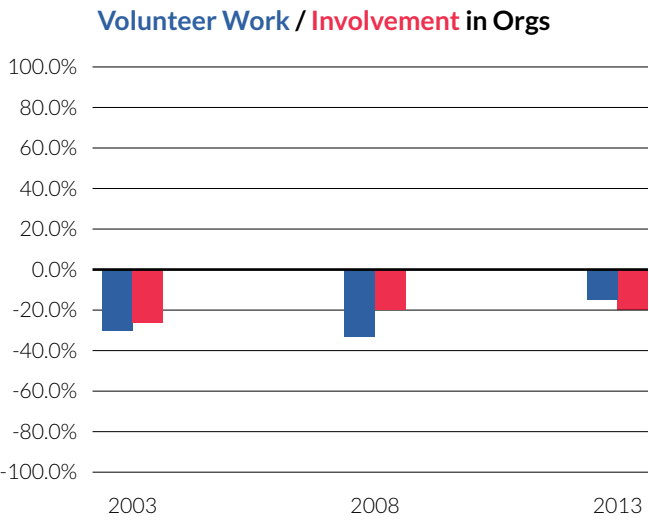
VOTED IN THE LAST PROVINCIAL/ FEDERAL ELECTION

According the past three cycles of the General Social Survey– Social Identity (2003, 2008 and 2013), immigrants are far less likely to vote in either provincial or federal election cycles than are the Canadian-born – typically around 70% less likely. This gap in voting patterns was the smallest in 2008 when immigrants were one-third as likely as non-immigrants to vote in the last federal election.



VOLUNTEER WORK & INVOLVEMENT IN ORGS

Immigrants were less likely to volunteer than the Canadian-born in all years of analysis (2003-2013). In 2013, for instance, 31.7% of immigrants and 35.9% of non-immigrants reported volunteer work in the past 12 months. Immigrants were also less likely to be involved in organizations in the past year than the Canadian-born in all years of analysis. In 2013, for instance, 61.5% of immigrants compared to 67.2% of non-immigrants were involved in organizations.

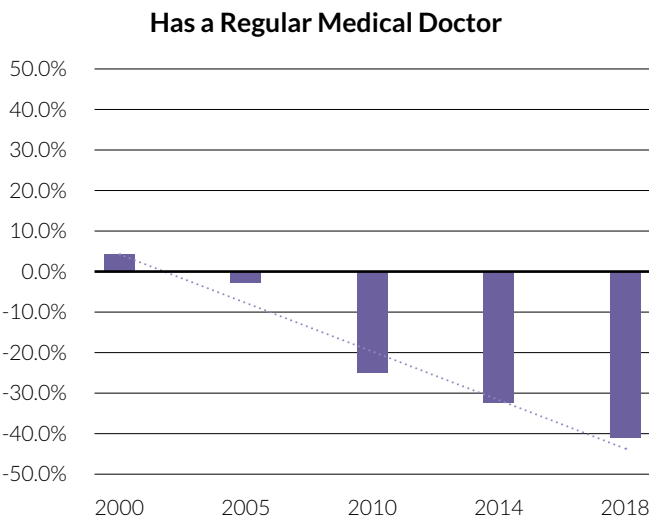


Note: The measurement scale used for this analysis is in odds ratios where a value of 0 = "parity" or a zero gap between immigrants and non-immigrants; values >0 indicate that immigrants are more likely than their Canadian-born counterparts to vote/volunteer/involve in organizations whereas values <0 indicate that immigrants are less likely than their counterparts to vote/volunteer/involve in organizations.

HEALTH INDICATORS

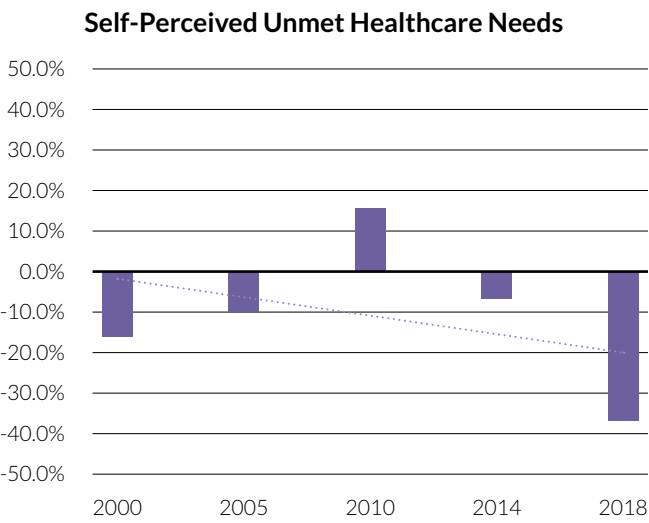
HAS A REGULAR MEDICAL DOCTOR

In 2000 and in 2005, immigrants and non-immigrants reported similar access to a regular medical doctor. Immigrants were 4.0% more likely to have a regular doctor in 2000 and 2.5% less likely to have access in 2005. By 2010, however, there was a large increase in the gap related to healthcare access: immigrants were 25% less likely to have a regular medical doctor, and in 2018 this gap grew to over 40%.



SELF-PERCEIVED UNMET HEALTHCARE NEEDS

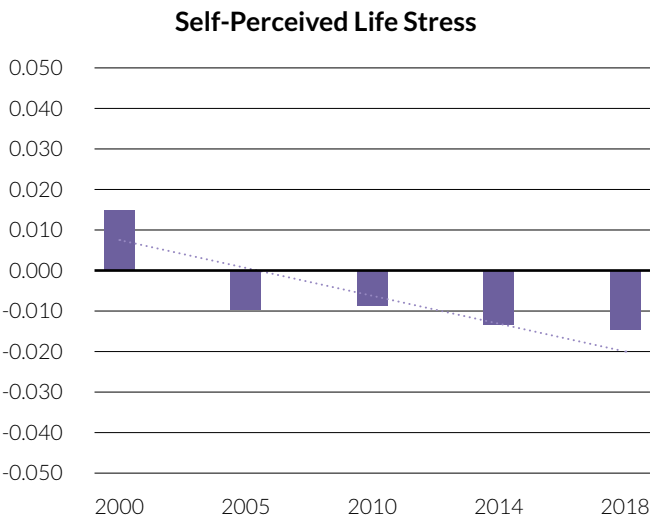
In four out of five survey periods analyzed (2000, 2005, 2014 and 2018), immigrants were less likely than their Canadian-born counterparts with similar characteristics to have unmet healthcare needs (15.8%, 9.5%, 6.1% and 36.4% less likely, respectively). In 2010, on the other hand, Canadian immigrants were 15.6% more likely to report unmet healthcare needs than non-immigrants with similar sociodemographic characteristics.



Note: The measurement scale used for this analysis of Has a Regular Medical Doctor (see above left) is in odds ratios where a value of 0 = “parity” or a zero gap between immigrants and non-immigrants; values >0 indicate that immigrants were more likely to have access to a regular medical doctor than their Canadian-born counterparts whereas values <0 indicate that immigrants were less likely to have access. With regard to self-perceived unmet healthcare needs (see above right), the scale used is in odds ratios where a value of 0 = “parity” or a zero gap between immigrants and non-immigrants; values >0 indicate that immigrants were more likely to have unmet healthcare needs compared to their Canadian-born counterparts whereas values <0 indicate that immigrants were less likely to have unmet healthcare needs.

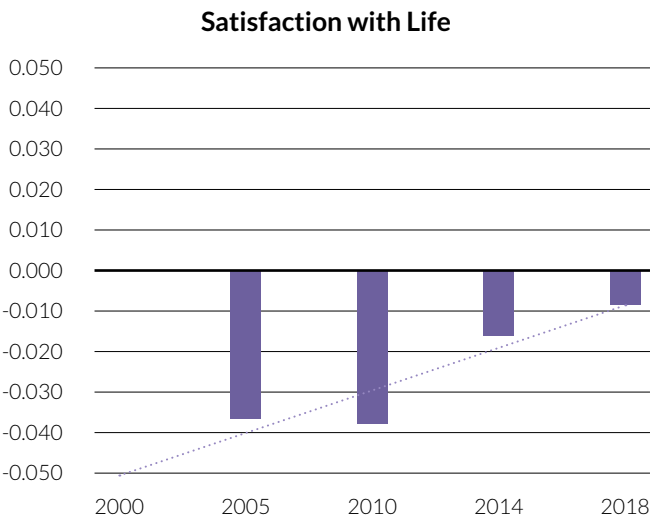
SELF-PERCEIVED LIFE STRESS

In 2000, immigrants with similar characteristics to non-immigrants were more likely to perceive higher levels of life stress compared to the Canadian-born population. However, this trend has been on the decline since 2005 so that by 2018, immigrants were significantly less likely to report elevated levels of stress compared to non-immigrants.



SATISFACTION WITH LIFE

Since 2005 when the Canadian Community Health Survey first measured this indicator, the Canadian-born have demonstrated a higher satisfaction with life than Canada's immigrants with similar sociodemographic characteristics; however, this gap appears to be shrinking over time so that Canadian immigrants and non-immigrants alike now share similar levels of satisfaction with life (in general).

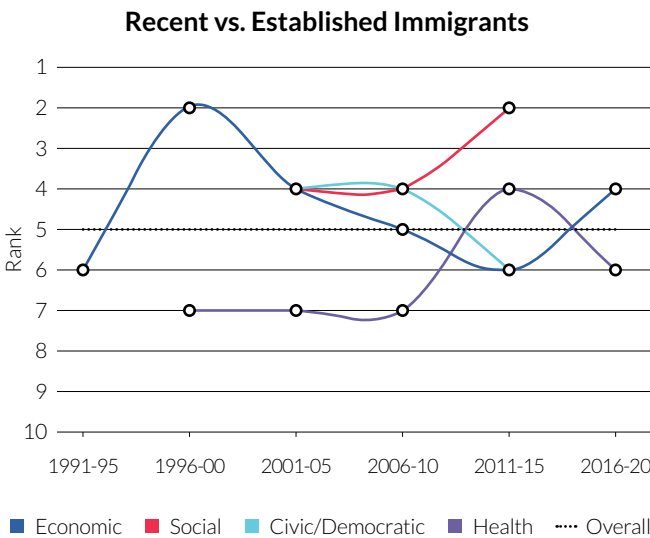
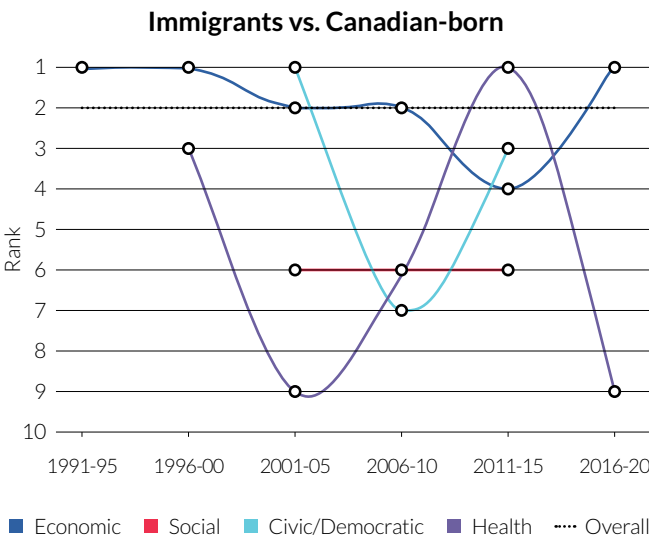
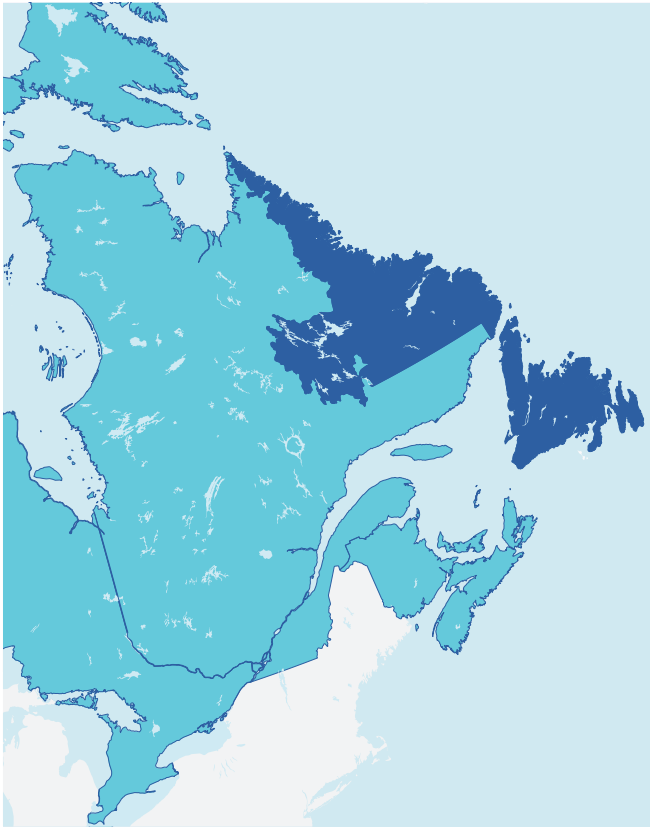


Note: The measurement scale used for this analysis of Self-perceived life stress is a Likert-scale where a value of 1 = “not at all” and a value of 5 = “extremely”. The measurement scale used for this analysis of Satisfaction with Life is a Likert-scale where a value of 1 = “very dissatisfied” and a value of 10 = “very satisfied”.

NEWFOUNDLAND – PROVINCIAL PROFILE

CIMI Population	Immigrants	Recent Immigrants (proportion of total immigrant population)
318,796	2.0%	21.6%

Summary: Newfoundland demonstrates consistently high levels of economic integration for immigrants relative to the Canadian-born population across all CIMI time periods (e.g., ranked #1 in 1991-1995, 1996-2000 and 2016-2020), moderate levels of social integration (ranked #6 across all three time periods observed), and fluctuating levels of integration with regard to civic and democratic participation (e.g., ranked #1 in 2001-2005 and #7 in 2006-2010) as well as health (ranked #1 among provinces in 2011-2015 and #9 in 2016-2020). With regard to recent vs. established immigrants, the province shows moderate levels of integration across all four dimensions, ranking as high as #2 (economic dimension in 1996-2000 and social dimension in 2011-2015), but not lower than #7 (health dimension in 1996-2000, 2001-2005, and 2006-2010).



NEWFOUNDLAND – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Immigrants vs. Canadian-born

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (1 out of 10)	1	1	2	2	4	1
	Wages	2	1	1	1	1	1
	Labour Force Participation	2	2	2	3	9	1
	Employment Rate	1	1	1	1	3	1
	Full-Time Employment Rate	4	8	6	8	9	6
	Unemployment Rate	1	1	1	1	2	1
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	6	5	4	4
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	8	5
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	3	1	1	3	4	5
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003			2008	2013	2020
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 10)	6			6	6	Data not yet released
	# Close Friends	3			5	6	
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—			7	3	
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	7			7	8	
	Sense of Belonging to Province	8			7	6	
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	2			6	5	
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—			—	8	
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003			2008	2013	2020
	Dimension Rank (2 out of 10)	1			7	3	Data not yet released
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	1			1	2	
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	1			1	1	
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	7			10	9	
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	7			8	7	
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 10)	3		9	6	1	9
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	1		5	8	1	8
	Satisfaction with Life	—		7	10	7	9
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	7		4	3	7	10
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	4		9	1	1	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 2 out of 10							

NEWFOUNDLAND – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Recent vs. Established Immigrants

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (4 out of 10)	6	2	4	5	6	4
	Wages	6	2	5	4	7	7
	Labour Force Participation	3	2	1	4	8	6
	Employment Rate	2	1	4	7	5	3
	Full-Time Employment Rate	10	10	7	3	5	8
	Unemployment Rate	3	3	7	9	1	3
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	3	7	9	7
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	9	3
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	10	3	8	3	8	3
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 10)	4		4	2	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	5		2	3		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		3	2		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	4		4	1		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	4		6	3		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	3		3	2		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	1		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 10)	4		4	6	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	7		2	7		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	2		4	1		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	2		5	7		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	2		4	6		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 10)	7		7	7	4	6
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	7		7	7	2	5
	Satisfaction with Life	—		5	6	6	3
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	6		6	3	4	5
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	6		7	5	5	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 5 out of 10							

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND

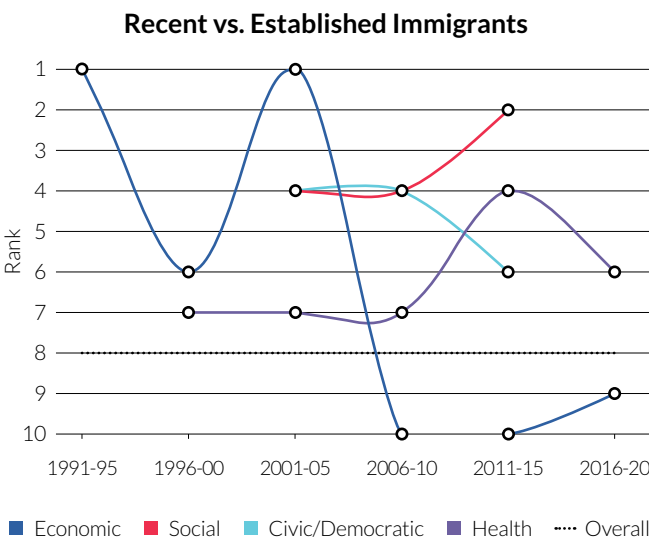
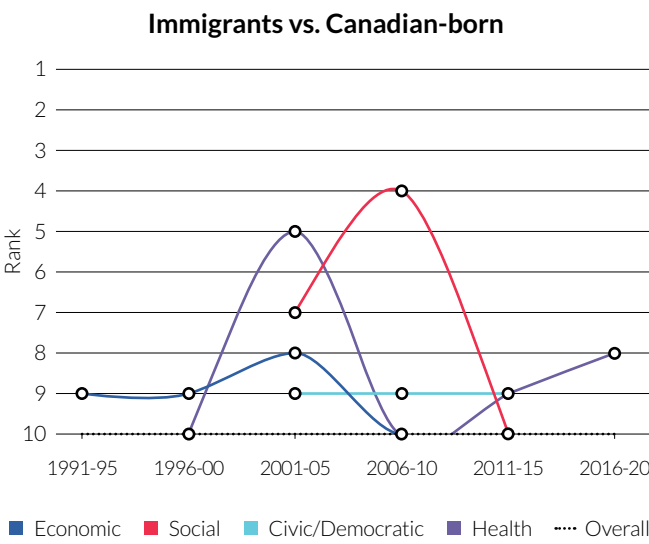
Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (26 out of 35)	10	25	22	23	35	12
	Wages	2	1	9	1	8	7
	Labour Force Participation	29	29	32	24	33	7
	Employment Rate	10	27	24	20	35	16
	Full-Time Employment Rate	7	34	33	34	35	20
	Unemployment Rate	4	26	12	17	35	28
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	14	17	21	10
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	25	3
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	28	22	19	24	28	24
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (13 out of 20)	14		9	15	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	7		13	7		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		14	6		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	16		12	19		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	17		11	16		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	6		4	10		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	14		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 20)	1		12	8	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	1		11	6		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	2		1	2		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	10		18	12		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	5		18	17		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (22 out of 24)	8		23	22	6	21
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	7		24	21	4	23
	Satisfaction with Life	—		17	20	6	15
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	16		9	9	14	22
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	7		24	—	—	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 13 out of 20							

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND – PROVINCIAL PROFILE

CIMI Population	Immigrants	Recent Immigrants (proportion of total immigrant population)
81,110	4.8%	37.1%

Summary: Prince Edward Island demonstrates low levels of economic integration for immigrants relative to the Canadian-born population for all CIMI time periods (from 1991-1995 to 2016-2020), ranked #10 from 2006-2010 onwards. The social and health dimensions of integration fluctuate across years, ranking as high as #4 (social dimension in 2006-2010) and as low as #10 (e.g. health in 1996-2000 and again in 2006-2010), while the civic and democratic participation remains constant, ranking #9 across all years. With regard to recent vs. established immigrants, the province shows fluctuating levels of integration across the economic dimension (ranking #1 in 1991-1995 and 10th in 2006-2010 and 2011-2015) while the other dimensions show moderately low to high levels of social (from #2 to #4), civic (#4 to #6), and health integration (#4 to #7).



PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Immigrants vs. Canadian-born

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (9 out of 10)	9	9	8	10	10	10
	Wages	4	3	6	6	5	6
	Labour Force Participation	10	9	7	10	10	10
	Employment Rate	4	6	4	9	9	9
	Full-Time Employment Rate	10	10	8	10	10	10
	Unemployment Rate	2	6	4	8	1	5
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	9	10	10	10
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	1	1
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	9	8	9	9	10	10
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 10)	7		4	10	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	6		3	8		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		5	7		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	6		5	9		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	4		5	7		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	5		4	7		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	10		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (9 out of 10)	9		9	9	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	2		10	10		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	9		2	10		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	10		7	5		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	9		10	6		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (10 out of 10)	10		5	10	9	8
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	7		7	9	10	10
	Satisfaction with Life	—		6	6	5	6
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	8		3	5	5	7
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	10		2	10	10	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 10 out of 10							

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

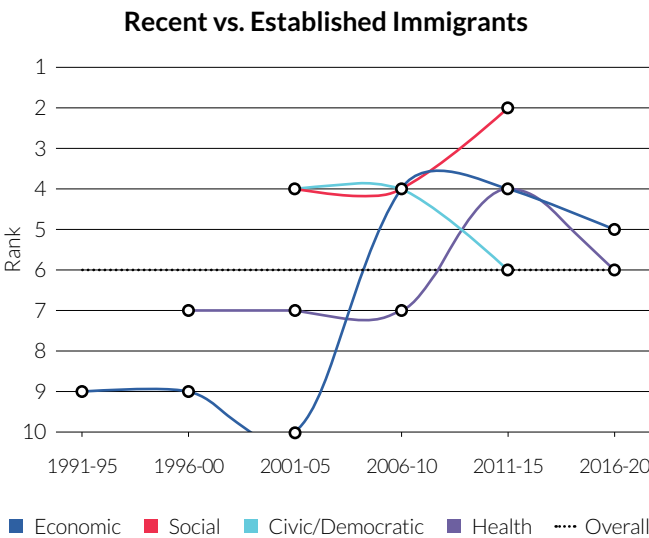
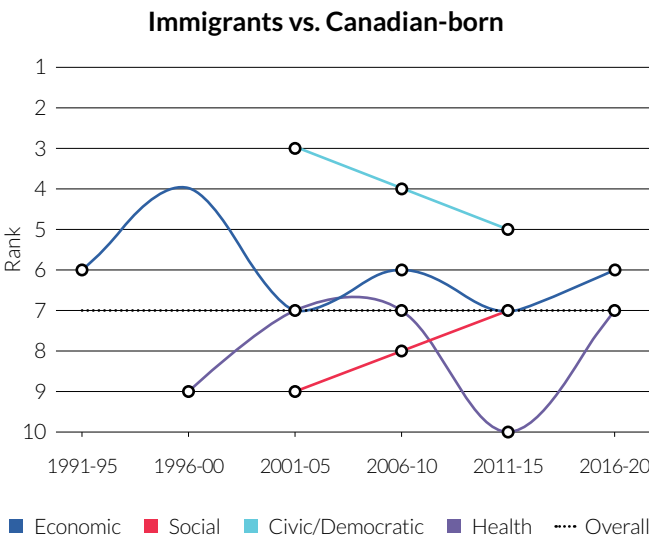
Recent vs. Established Immigrants

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (8 out of 10)	1	6	1	10	10	9
	Wages	3	6	9	8	8	5
	Labour Force Participation	1	10	8	10	10	10
	Employment Rate	1	9	1	10	9	10
	Full-Time Employment Rate	1	5	1	10	8	1
	Unemployment Rate	1	2	1	4	7	6
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	1	10	10	9
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	1	4
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	9	10	10	9	10	9
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 10)	4		4	2	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	5		2	3		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		3	2		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	4		4	1		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	4		6	3		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	3		3	2		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	1		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 10)	4		4	6	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	7		2	7		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	2		4	1		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	2		5	7		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	2		4	6		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 10)	7		7	7	4	6
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	7		7	7	2	5
	Satisfaction with Life	—		5	6	6	3
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	6		6	3	4	5
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	6		7	5	5	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 8 out of 10							

NOVA SCOTIA – PROVINCIAL PROFILE

CIMI Population	Immigrants	Recent Immigrants (proportion of total immigrant population)
553,270	5.5%	18.4%

Summary: Nova Scotia demonstrates moderately low levels of integration across all four dimensions for immigrants vs. Canadian-born population. Health integration ranks lowest among the dimensions, ranging from #10 (2011-2015) to #7 (2001-2005, 2006-2010 and 2016-2020). Economic integration fluctuates across years as well, reaching a peak at #4 (1996-2000) and a low at #7 (2001-2005 and 2011-2015). There has been an incremental rise related to social integration, ranking #9 in 2001-2005 and #7 in 2011-2015. The opposite trend is observed for civic and democratic participation, ranking #3 in 2001-2005 and #5 in 2011-2015. For recent vs. established immigrants, economic integration ranked #10 in 2001-2005, but rose sharply to #4 in 2006-2010 and 2011-2015. The province performs best with regard to social integration, ranking #2 in 2011-2015.



NOVA SCOTIA – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Immigrants vs. Canadian-born

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 10)	6	4	7	6	7	6
	Wages	5	4	3	2	2	2
	Labour Force Participation	9	8	10	6	7	8
	Employment Rate	7	3	7	4	8	7
	Full-Time Employment Rate	8	9	10	9	8	9
	Unemployment Rate	4	2	3	5	7	4
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	7	7	6	6
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	6	7
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	5	5	6	5	7	6
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (9 out of 10)	9		8	7	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	4		7	4		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		6	4		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	8		6	6		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	6		8	8		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	3		9	8		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	9		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (5 out of 10)	3		4	5	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	5		5	7		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	10		3	2		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	1		6	6		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	1		5	5		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (8 out of 10)	9		7	7	10	7
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	10		10	6	7	6
	Satisfaction with Life	—		3	5	9	8
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	5		9	6	9	3
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	9		7	2	7	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 7 out of 10							

NOVA SCOTIA – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Recent vs. Established Immigrants

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 10)	9	9	10	4	4	5
	Wages	4	4	6	7	4	4
	Labour Force Participation	9	4	10	6	3	4
	Employment Rate	9	6	9	4	3	5
	Full-Time Employment Rate	9	9	5	2	4	3
	Unemployment Rate	8	7	4	3	6	9
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	9	6	7	8
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	3	7
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	7	9	9	5	7	4
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 10)	4		4	2	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	5		2	3		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		3	2		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	4		4	1		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	4		6	3		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	3		3	2		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	1		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 10)	4		4	6	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	7		2	7		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	2		4	1		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	2		5	7		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	2		4	6		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 10)	7		7	7	4	6
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	7		7	7	2	5
	Satisfaction with Life	—		5	6	6	3
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	6		6	3	4	5
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	6		7	5	5	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 6 out of 10							

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA

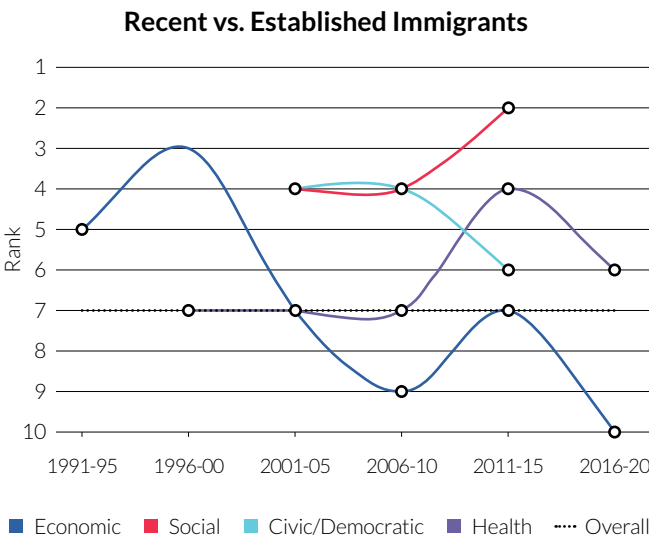
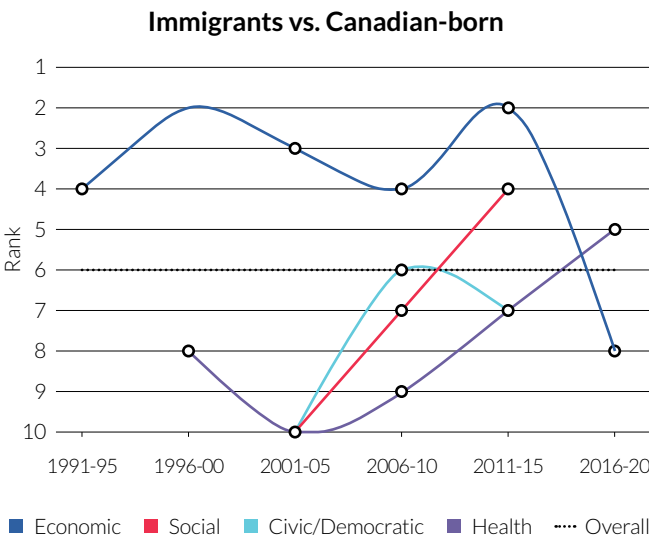
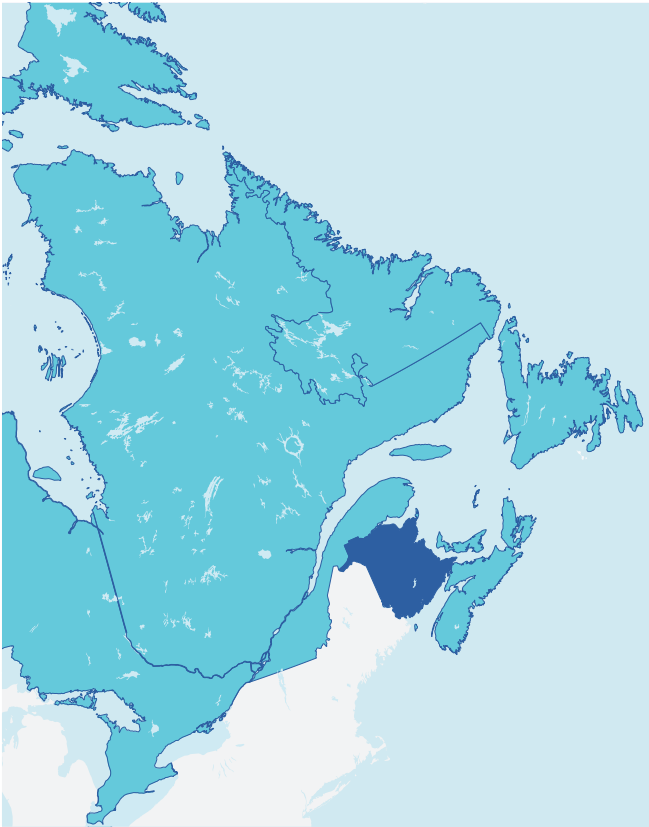
Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (30 out of 35)	29	26	30	24	27	28
	Wages	14	25	22	15	15	20
	Labour Force Participation	31	30	33	6	19	20
	Employment Rate	29	21	27	13	22	17
	Full-Time Employment Rate	32	33	35	35	33	33
	Unemployment Rate	26	16	13	22	24	13
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	29	30	32	32
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	23	22
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	25	30	27	27	26	29
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (16 out of 20)	13		16	11	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	11		15	4		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		15	3		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	19		13	12		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	12		14	15		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	8		17	13		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	13		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (9 out of 20)	7		5	13	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	14		4	9		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	19		7	7		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	2		13	15		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	6		8	16		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (19 out of 24)	19		17	10	23	14
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	21		20	17	12	23
	Satisfaction with Life	—		2	9	23	15
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	12		23	13	20	22
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	18		7	3	16	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 17 out of 20							

NEW BRUNSWICK – PROVINCIAL PROFILE

CIMI Population	Immigrants	Recent Immigrants (proportion of total immigrant population)
442,626	3.8%	18.4%

Summary: New Brunswick shows an overall pattern of decreasing levels of economic integration for immigrants relative to the Canadian-born population, ranking as high as #2 in 1996-2000 (and 2011-2015), and dropping to a low of #8 in 2016-2020. Since 2001-2005, however, the province shows a sharp increase related to both social and health integration for immigrants, ranking #10 in 2001-2005 and climbing to #4 (social dimension in 2011-2015) and #5 (health dimension in 2016-2020). Civic and democratic participation fluctuates upwards from #10 (2001-2005) to #7 (2011-2015). A similar pattern emerges with regard to the economic integration of recent vs. established immigrants (from #3 in 1996-2000 to #10 in 2016-2020) while the other three dimensions show moderately high (e.g., #2 for social in 2011-15) to low integration across all years.



NEW BRUNSWICK – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Immigrants vs. Canadian-born

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 10)	4	2	3	4	2	8
	Wages	3	2	2	5	4	4
	Labour Force Participation	6	1	3	2	1	9
	Employment Rate	2	2	3	3	1	5
	Full-Time Employment Rate	9	5	9	7	7	8
	Unemployment Rate	3	3	5	4	3	2
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	3	6	8	8
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	4	9
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	2	2	4	6	8	9
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (10 out of 10)	10		7	4	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	9		10	3		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		9	6		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	9		4	5		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	7		6	5		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	8		5	3		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	3		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (8 out of 10)	10		6	7	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	10		3	1		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	3		4	8		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	9		5	7		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	10		6	9		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (9 out of 10)	8		10	9	7	5
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	9		8	10	8	9
	Satisfaction with Life	—		9	8	4	3
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	6		6	4	4	2
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	8		10	9	9	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 6 out of 10							

NEW BRUNSWICK – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Recent vs. Established Immigrants

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 10)	5	3	7	9	7	10
	Wages	2	3	7	5	5	8
	Labour Force Participation	10	1	3	8	6	9
	Employment Rate	4	4	2	2	7	8
	Full-Time Employment Rate	8	8	10	9	10	6
	Unemployment Rate	2	9	3	1	4	4
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	10	9	8	10
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	2	8
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	4	1	2	10	9	10
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 10)	4		4	2	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	5		2	3		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		3	2		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	4		4	1		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	4		6	3		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	3		3	2		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	1		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 10)	4		4	6	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	7		2	7		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	2		4	1		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	2		5	7		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	2		4	6		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 10)	7		7	7	4	6
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	7		7	7	2	5
	Satisfaction with Life	—		5	6	6	3
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	6		6	3	4	5
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	6		7	5	5	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 7 out of 10							

MONCTON, NEW BRUNSWICK

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (24 out of 35)	3	4	18	25	32	32
	Wages	3	5	7	18	23	21
	Labour Force Participation	12	17	22	12	23	24
	Employment Rate	6	5	7	10	31	14
	Full-Time Employment Rate	22	2	29	31	32	35
	Unemployment Rate	6	4	5	15	32	7
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	33	34	33	35
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	4	29
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	2	18	7	28	35	34

SAINT JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK

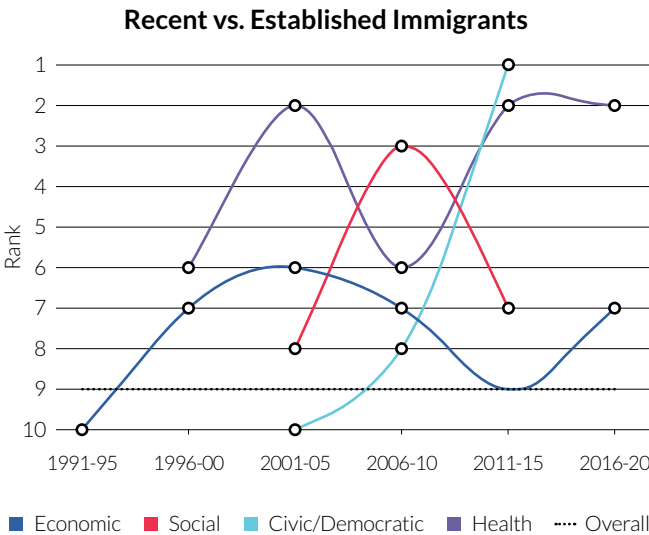
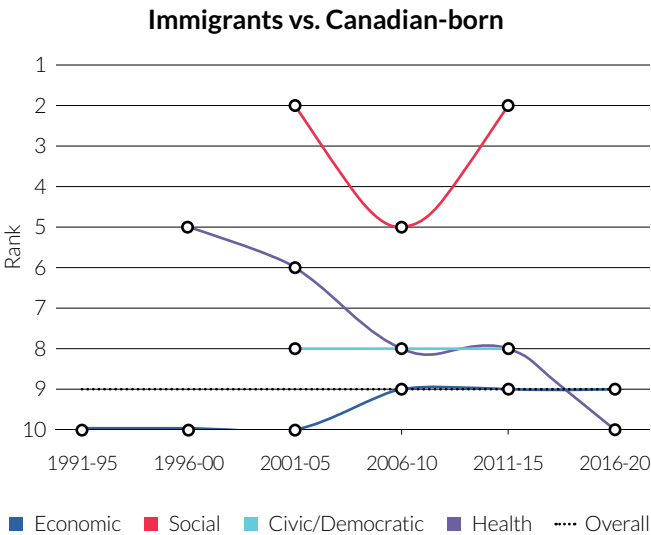
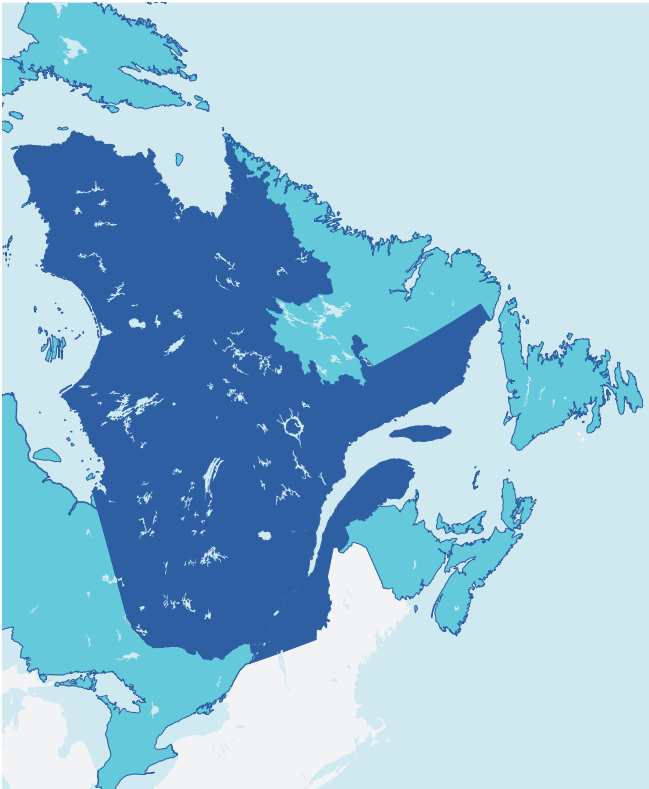
Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (20 out of 35)	2	11	15	26	11	34
	Wages	4	6	3	13	14	18
	Labour Force Participation	20	9	19	18	1	35
	Employment Rate	1	11	18	27	1	31
	Full-Time Employment Rate	8	21	32	26	22	34
	Unemployment Rate	2	18	21	27	7	2
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	19	35	34	34
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	12	34
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	10	6	21	17	31	35

QUEBEC – PROVINCIAL PROFILE

CIMI Population	Immigrants	Recent Immigrants (proportion of total immigrant population)
4,946,418	15.7%	19.4%

Summary: Quebec demonstrates consistently low levels of economic integration for immigrants relative to the Canadian-born population, ranking #9 or #10 across all years. Similarly, the province ranks #8 in terms of civic and democratic participation in all years. Health integration shows a steady decline since 1996-2000 where it ranked #5 and dropping to #10 by 2016-2020. The province's best performance relates to social dimension of integration, ranking as high as #2 in 2001-2005 and in 2011-2015. With regard to recent vs. established immigrants, there is fluctuation across all four dimensions, with increases seen for each dimension aside from social integration, which decreases from #3 in 2006-2010 to #7 in 2011-2015. Civic and democratic participation rises steadily from #10 in 2001-2005 all the way up to #1 in 2011-2015.



QUEBEC – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Immigrants vs. Canadian-born

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (10 out of 10)	10	10	10	9	9	9
	Wages	10	10	10	10	10	10
	Labour Force Participation	7	6	8	9	8	7
	Employment Rate	10	10	10	10	10	10
	Full-Time Employment Rate	2	3	4	5	4	7
	Unemployment Rate	10	10	10	10	10	10
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	5	4	3	1
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	7	6
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	10	10	10	10	9	8
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 10)	2		5	2	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	2		1	2		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		1	1		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	4		9	3		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	10		10	4		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	—		—	—		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	7		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 10)	8		8	8	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	3		2	3		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	5		9	6		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	8		8	8		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	8		7	8		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 10)	5		6	8	8	10
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	8		9	7	9	7
	Satisfaction with Life	—		8	2	10	10
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	2		1	10	1	8
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	7		8	8	8	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 9 out of 10							

QUEBEC – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Recent vs. Established Immigrants

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (10 out of 10)	10	7	6	7	9	7
	Wages	10	7	1	2	9	9
	Labour Force Participation	8	9	9	9	9	8
	Employment Rate	10	10	10	9	10	9
	Full-Time Employment Rate	5	1	2	4	7	7
	Unemployment Rate	9	66	10	10	10	10
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	2	2	5	5
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	6	2
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	8	7	5	7	6	6
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003			2008	2013	2020
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 10)	8			3	7	Data not yet released
	# Close Friends	3			10	10	
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—			2	10	
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	10			3	6	
	Sense of Belonging to Province	9			1	2	
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	OM			OM	OM	
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—			—	8	
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003			2008	2013	2020
	Dimension Rank (5 out of 10)	10			8	1	Data not yet released
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	6			8	2	
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	8			2	5	
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	7			9	1	
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	8			9	3	
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (4 out of 10)	6		2	6	2	2
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	6		1	5	6	4
	Satisfaction with Life	—		4	10	1	1
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	10		2	2	1	9
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	5		3	9	4	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 9 out of 10							

QUEBEC CITY, QUEBEC

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (34 out of 35)	33	34	32	34	34	33
	Wages	27	29	29	30	27	29
	Labour Force Participation	28	28	16	34	34	27
	Employment Rate	32	34	29	34	34	33
	Full-Time Employment Rate	23	26	31	27	31	27
	Unemployment Rate	33	35	32	34	33	34
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	26	26	22	18
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	32	33
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	33	34	33	34	33	30
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (11 out of 20)	12		12	6	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	9		16	6		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		16	11		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	18		5	7		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	5		9	8		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	—		—	—		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	15		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (17 out of 20)	15		10	12	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	11		3	18		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	6		3	1		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	18		19	19		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	16		19	18		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000	2005	2010	2014	2018	
	Dimension Rank (21 out of 24)	20	5	15	24	16	
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	13	16	20	19	19	
	Satisfaction with Life	—	6	17	22	20	
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	17	3	4	3	10	
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	21	10	7	22	—	
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 20 out of 20							

MONTREAL, QUEBEC

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (33 out of 35)	31	33	34	33	31	30
	Wages	34	35	34	34	34	34
	Labour Force Participation	24	31	24	31	29	19
	Employment Rate	31	33	33	32	32	30
	Full-Time Employment Rate	5	13	15	14	7	10
	Unemployment Rate	32	34	35	32	34	32
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	11	9	5	5
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	16	14
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	34	35	35	35	34	32
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (9 out of 20)	18		15	3	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	17		11	10		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		8	2		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	2		15	3		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	19		20	6		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	—		—	—		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	11		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (18 out of 20)	11		16	18	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	5		12	8		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	7		12	16		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	15		16	13		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	14		14	13		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000	2005	2010	2014	2018	
	Dimension Rank (10 out of 24)	5	6	14	15	19	
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	15	15	14	16	18	
	Satisfaction with Life	—	15	3	24	17	
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	1	1	22	1	19	
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	10	16	15	15	—	
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 19 out of 20							

S AGUENAY, QUEBEC

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (17 out of 35)	30	1	9	22	20	26
	Wages	5	12	21	25	21	22
	Labour Force Participation	34	1	1	5	20	34
	Employment Rate	34	1	2	16	25	29
	Full-Time Employment Rate	28	32	22	16	30	32
	Unemployment Rate	34	2	24	25	28	19
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	—	27	1	8
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	6	26
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	1	1	14	21	20	21

TROIS-RIVIERES, QUEBEC

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (31 out of 35)	20	31	31	31	30	31
	Wages	16	20	20	27	25	25
	Labour Force Participation	32	18	34	32	24	25
	Employment Rate	26	31	34	33	27	32
	Full-Time Employment Rate	1	35	1	23	12	4
	Unemployment Rate	8	32	29	33	26	33
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	24	6	35	12
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	34	35
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	32	29	31	29	23	23

SHERBROOKE, QUEBEC

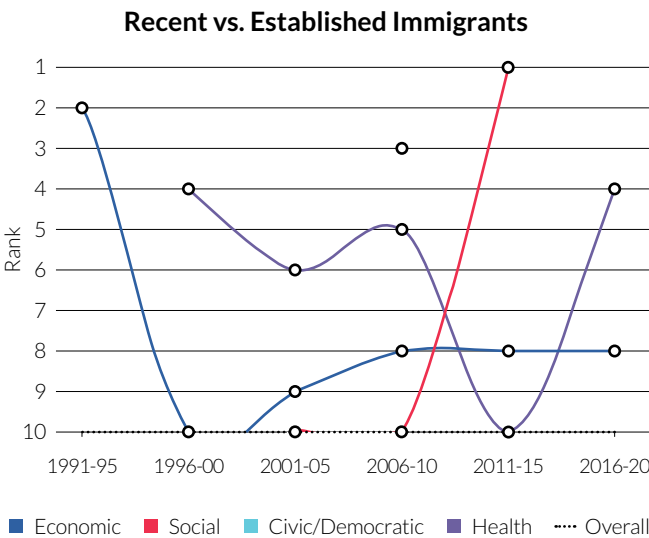
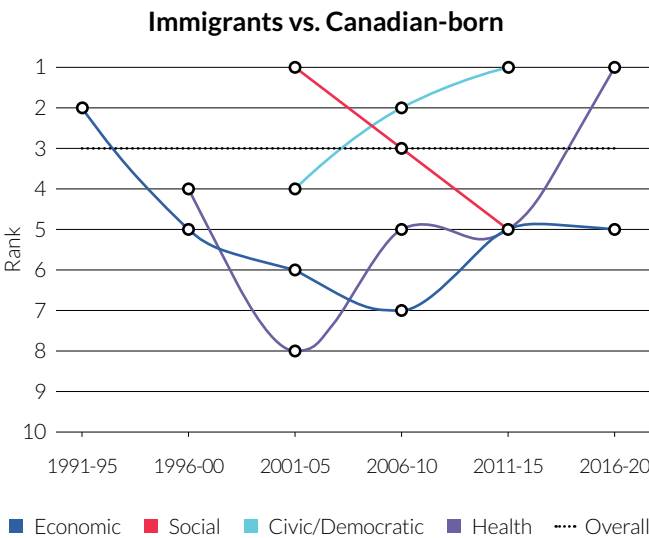
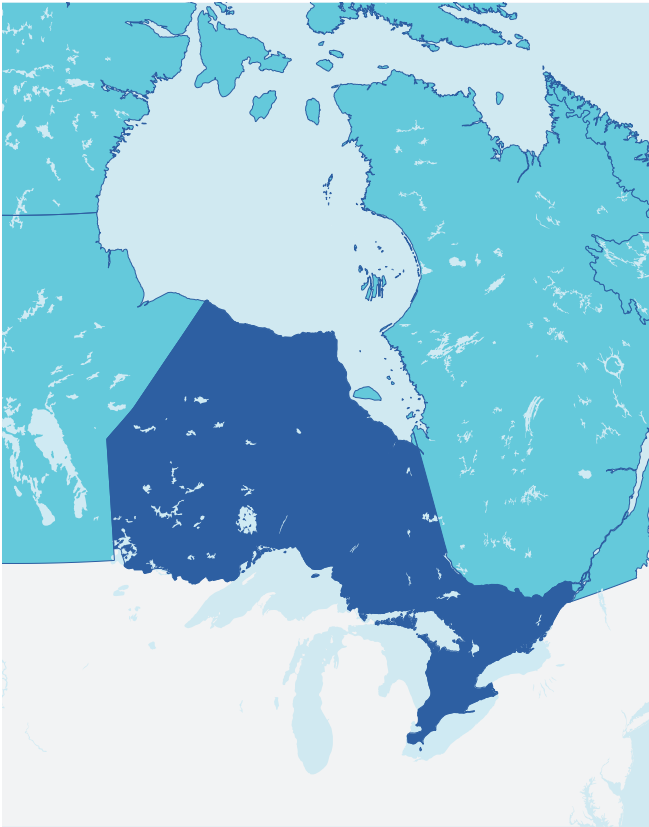
Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (35 out of 35)	34	35	35	35	33	35
	Wages	21	27	24	28	26	24
	Labour Force Participation	33	35	35	35	32	32
	Employment Rate	33	35	35	35	33	35
	Full-Time Employment Rate	31	29	34	32	34	30
	Unemployment Rate	30	31	34	35	30	35
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	31	31	27	33
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	31	28
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	31	33	34	33	32	27
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000	2005	2010	2014	2018	
	Dimension Rank (17 out of 24)	3	19	17	19	24	
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	17	9	18	21	16	
	Satisfaction with Life	—	12	10	16	21	
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	4	13	19	2	23	
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	1	23	14	21	—	
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 19 out of 20							

ONTARIO – PROVINCIAL PROFILE

CIMI Population	Immigrants	Recent Immigrants (proportion of total immigrant population)
8,213,128	32.3%	11.9%

Summary: Ontario demonstrates high-to-moderate levels of economic integration for immigrants relative to the Canadian-born population, ranking as high as #2 in 1991-1995 and as low as #7 in 2006-2010. The province shows fluctuating levels of health integration as well, ranking #8 in 2001-2005 and rising to #1 in 2016-2020. There is a steady decline in social integration from #1 in 2001-2005 to #5 in 2011-2015, and a steady increase in civic and democratic participation (#4 in 2001-2005 to #1 in 2011-2015). For recent vs. established immigrants, economic integration fluctuates from as high as #2 (in 1991-1995) to as low as #10 (in 1996-2000). Civic and democratic participation also declines to #10 in 2011-2015. While health integration fluctuates, social integration shows a sharp increase over time, rising from #10 in 2001-2005 to #1 in 2011-2015.



ONTARIO – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Immigrants vs. Canadian-born

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (5 out of 10)	2	5	6	7	5	5
	Wages	1	7	7	7	3	7
	Labour Force Participation	3	4	5	5	3	6
	Employment Rate	6	7	8	8	6	6
	Full-Time Employment Rate	1	1	1	1	1	2
	Unemployment Rate	8	9	9	9	8	8
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	8	8	7	7
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	9	8
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	7	9	8	8	6	7
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (1 out of 10)	1		3	5	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	1		8	10		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		10	9		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	10		3	10		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	1		1	1		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	9		2	9		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	6		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (1 out of 10)	4		2	1	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	8		7	6		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	8		5	5		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	3		1	1		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	3		3	1		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000	2005	2010	2014	2018	
	Dimension Rank (4 out of 10)	4	8	5	5	1	
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	5	3	3	3	5	
	Satisfaction with Life	—	10	4	6	1	
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	3	10	8	10	1	
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	2	5	5	2	—	
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 3 out of 10							

ONTARIO – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Recent vs. Established Immigrants

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (9 out of 10)	2	10	9	8	8	8
	Wages	1	10	10	10	10	10
	Labour Force Participation	5	3	7	3	7	7
	Employment Rate	8	7	8	6	8	7
	Full-Time Employment Rate	3	6	6	8	9	10
	Unemployment Rate	10	10	8	7	9	8
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	6	3	6	6
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	5	1
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	1	8	6	2	4	7
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (10 out of 10)	10		10	1	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	10		6	2		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		10	6		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	9		10	9		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	10		10	1		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	9		9	1		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	5		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (10 out of 10)	9		3	10	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	3		9	5		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	9		8	9		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	9		1	6		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	7		1	4		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 10)	4		6	5	10	4
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	5		6	4	7	10
	Satisfaction with Life	—		9	4	10	2
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	2		10	9	10	2
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	4		6	4	3	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 10 out of 10							

OTTAWA-GATINEAU, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (32 out of 35)	32	32	33	32	28	29
	Wages	30	30	31	31	30	23
	Labour Force Participation	25	23	25	25	22	15
	Employment Rate	28	29	32	29	24	22
	Full-Time Employment Rate	26	31	28	25	24	28
	Unemployment Rate	29	30	33	28	25	29
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	22	21	17	13
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	28	32
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	30	32	30	32	30	31
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 20)	8		7	10	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	5		6	16		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		19	20		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	20		4	6		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	4		5	2		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	17		5	3		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	16		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (15 out of 20)	19		14	4	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	18		9	7		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	16		10	4		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	13		15	6		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	15		13	8		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (24 out of 24)	18		22	24	20	13
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	12		12	16	6	14
	Satisfaction with Life	—		22	23	19	5
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	20		14	23	9	13
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	16		21	18	19	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 18 out of 20							

TORONTO, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (15 out of 35)	15	24	21	17	10	11
	Wages	33	34	35	35	35	35
	Labour Force Participation	2	7	4	3	2	4
	Employment Rate	11	16	8	5	4	3
	Full-Time Employment Rate	2	1	3	2	2	3
	Unemployment Rate	27	23	19	16	13	6
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	13	10	9	9
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	17	5
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	29	31	32	31	29	33
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (1 out of 20)	1		5	8	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	1		8	20		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		13	5		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	5		16	14		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	1		1	1		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	1		3	5		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	10		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 20)	10		7	9	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	6		14	10		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	13		4	14		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	9		5	4		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	10		10	6		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (2 out of 24)	4		8	3	1	3
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	6		4	8	3	13
	Satisfaction with Life	—		8	4	1	1
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	11		17	3	13	4
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	2		4	10	4	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 1 out of 20							

HAMILTON, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (13 out of 35)	7	15	24	15	21	9
	Wages	24	16	28	26	7	5
	Labour Force Participation	6	20	11	14	25	11
	Employment Rate	9	18	21	9	21	9
	Full-Time Employment Rate	6	8	9	9	10	11
	Unemployment Rate	9	20	25	12	18	12
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	20	16	16	17
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	27	25
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	16	26	25	26	22	22
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (2 out of 20)	3		1	13	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	3		2	19		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		10	16		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	13		3	13		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	3		2	10		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	3		1	2		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	5		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (5 out of 20)	16		4	3	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	15		1	14		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	14		2	8		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	12		12	5		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	18		16	1		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000	2005	2010	2014	2018	
	Dimension Rank (23 out of 24)	16	15	12	22	22	
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	18	13	6	13	17	
	Satisfaction with Life	—	23	21	18	23	
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	21	5	20	23	18	
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	5	13	2	14	—	
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 3 out of 20							

KITCHENER-CAMBRIDGE-WATERLOO, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (21 out of 35)	19	17	28	14	15	20
	Wages	26	22	26	23	10	4
	Labour Force Participation	10	27	28	20	27	28
	Employment Rate	19	20	30	22	20	27
	Full-Time Employment Rate	10	9	11	11	14	17
	Unemployment Rate	20	17	31	20	16	24
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	3	2	2	3
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	26	31
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	27	23	26	19	17	18
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (15 out of 20)	5		11	18	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	6		14	15		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		7	19		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	14		17	10		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	8		16	9		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	5		2	16		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	20		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (12 out of 20)	12		15	6	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	7		16	3		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	4		17	3		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	14		6	17		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	17		15	11		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (8 out of 24)	9		10	23	14	1
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	10		11	15	9	3
	Satisfaction with Life	—		3	22	5	6
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	5		11	12	24	1
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	11		15	21	9	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 10 out of 20							

LONDON, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (22 out of 35)	23	22	23	18	14	21
	Wages	23	13	15	12	2	8
	Labour Force Participation	18	22	17	27	15	21
	Employment Rate	24	24	22	18	17	25
	Full-Time Employment Rate	13	15	25	17	19	22
	Unemployment Rate	28	21	23	8	22	27
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	23	13	23	14
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	19	17
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	26	28	24	23	16	26
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (19 out of 20)	10		13	19	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	2		7	18		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		4	12		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	6		18	18		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	20		17	19		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	15		10	15		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	9		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (8 out of 20)	2		19	11	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	13		18	20		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	5		8	20		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	3		11	3		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	1		17	4		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (12 out of 24)	7		20	19	12	4
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	11		14	19	1	4
	Satisfaction with Life	—		9	8	17	4
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	8		21	16	16	8
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	3		19	19	20	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 14 out of 20							

ST. CATHERINES-NIAGARA, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (12 out of 35)	11	12	8	16	24	22
	Wages	20	11	1	6	4	12
	Labour Force Participation	11	19	9	26	30	18
	Employment Rate	13	14	14	25	26	20
	Full-Time Employment Rate	17	6	10	6	15	21
	Unemployment Rate	14	14	18	18	23	21
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	10	15	19	24
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	30	27
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	8	17	18	20	15	19
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (5 out of 20)	6		6	7	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	10		10	5		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		9	7		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	9		9	9		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	15		4	3		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	7		6	7		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	19		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (1 out of 20)	3		2	5	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	3		15	1		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	1		18	11		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	8		1	8		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	13		1	15		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (15 out of 24)	10		14	9	18	20
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	20		18	13	22	22
	Satisfaction with Life	—		16	6	9	22
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	3		18	17	21	7
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	14		3	6	2	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 5 out of 20							

OSHAWA, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (1 out of 35)	1	7	4	7	2	4
	Wages	1	2	5	2	1	2
	Labour Force Participation	4	8	8	13	6	10
	Employment Rate	8	6	4	8	3	5
	Full-Time Employment Rate	11	18	7	4	6	13
	Unemployment Rate	15	7	6	9	5	9
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	18	18	14	22
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	13	9
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	5	12	12	13	10	9
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003			2008	2013	2020
	Dimension Rank (17 out of 20)	17			17	9	Data not yet released
	# Close Friends	20			18	13	
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—			17	10	
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	10			10	2	
	Sense of Belonging to Province	6			12	12	
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	11			11	8	
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—			—	17	
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003			2008	2013	2020
	Dimension Rank (10 out of 20)	18			1	15	Data not yet released
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	20			2	19	
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	20			5	19	
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	1			4	11	
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	11			4	5	
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (18 out of 24)	17		21	5	16	23
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	19		21	2	23	24
	Satisfaction with Life	—		24	5	11	24
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	9		4	11	12	11
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	17		20	20	10	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 8 out of 20							

WINDSOR, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (28 out of 35)	18	16	27	29	29	27
	Wages	25	14	19	20	24	10
	Labour Force Participation	21	15	15	28	21	29
	Employment Rate	23	25	26	31	28	26
	Full-Time Employment Rate	3	7	18	19	16	26
	Unemployment Rate	23	27	30	31	27	22
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	15	29	29	28
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	35	30
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	21	20	28	25	27	28
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (10 out of 20)	20		4	14	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	14		4	17		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		6	9		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	11		1	15		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	18		6	13		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	14		9	11		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	3		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (2 out of 20)	6		6	2	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	2		10	16		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	12		19	13		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	16		2	1		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	7		5	2		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (13 out of 24)	6		24	2	21	9
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	4		19	3	14	9
	Satisfaction with Life	—		21	12	21	16
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	6		22	15	22	3
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	15		22	1	7	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 12 out of 20							

BARRIE, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (9 out of 35)	16	3	12	11	12	15
	Wages	6	4	8	11	18	15
	Labour Force Participation	8	2	12	10	10	17
	Employment Rate	20	3	11	15	12	8
	Full-Time Employment Rate	30	11	19	18	26	16
	Unemployment Rate	22	10	9	19	11	3
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	30	12	25	31
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	11	23
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	11	8	6	14	9	17

GREATER SUDBURY, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (14 out of 35)	Data not yet released	5	6	20	26	23
	Wages		3	14	11	19	19
	Labour Force Participation		11	21	10	28	22
	Employment Rate		10	10	15	30	18
	Full-Time Employment Rate		4	12	18	27	31
	Unemployment Rate		12	4	19	31	11
	Non-Official Language at Work		—	6	12	10	29
	Subsidized Housing		—	—	—	33	24
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)		5	4	14	5	13
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000	2005	2010	2014	2018	
	Dimension Rank (20 out of 24)	22	13	20	5	15	
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	22	22	22	2	10	
	Satisfaction with Life	—	7	19	10	19	
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	10	7	21	8	17	
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	22	18	5	—	—	

KINGSTON, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (27 out of 35)	25	28	20	30	17	18
	Wages	17	10	6	7	13	9
	Labour Force Participation	13	33	26	33	31	30
	Employment Rate	22	32	28	30	19	24
	Full-Time Employment Rate	27	28	30	33	25	29
	Unemployment Rate	24	29	26	23	8	14
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	5	33	8	25
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	15	15
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	23	13	15	18	11	8
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000	2005	2010	2014	2018	
	Dimension Rank (11 out of 24)	Data not yet released	16	18	4	7	
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor		10	—	—	6	
	Satisfaction with Life		18	18	15	8	
	Self-Perceived Life Stress		15	14	11	16	
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs		8	17	8	—	

THUNDER BAY, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 35)	4	10	2	6	1	7
	Wages	15	9	11	17	9	16
	Labour Force Participation	14	3	7	23	7	26
	Employment Rate	2	15	5	14	5	21
	Full-Time Employment Rate	19	10	4	5	5	23
	Unemployment Rate	3	28	8	4	6	15
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	1	5	4	1
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	7	2
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	7	15	20	2	2	3
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000	2005	2010	2014	2018	
	Dimension Rank (9 out of 24)	13	2	13	9	18	
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	5	1	23	20	20	
	Satisfaction with Life	—	13	7	12	11	
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	7	24	10	10	20	
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	19	1	9	1	—	

GUELPH, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 35)	5	13	16	10	3	10
	Wages	7	15	2	5	3	3
	Labour Force Participation	16	21	20	19	13	23
	Employment Rate	7	13	23	25	5	23
	Full-Time Employment Rate	9	16	8	7	3	7
	Unemployment Rate	5	9	27	24	2	20
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	28	14	20	23
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	18	16
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	9	9	9	1	7	4

PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (11 out of 35)	14	9	26	13	4	16
	Wages	13	21	18	8	16	14
	Labour Force Participation	17	5	31	30	18	33
	Employment Rate	14	4	31	21	9	28
	Full-Time Employment Rate	15	22	26	20	8	15
	Unemployment Rate	10	6	28	5	3	16
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	12	19	3	4
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	3	11
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	19	16	5	8	4	20

BRANTFORD, ONTARIO

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 35)	13	8	7	9	18	6
	Wages	8	18	4	3	5	17
	Labour Force Participation	23	25	14	9	35	9
	Employment Rate	16	8	15	6	29	11
	Full-Time Employment Rate	12	5	20	15	18	12
	Unemployment Rate	11	3	17	13	17	23
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	8	22	13	15
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	20	10
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	13	3	1	12	1	5

BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO

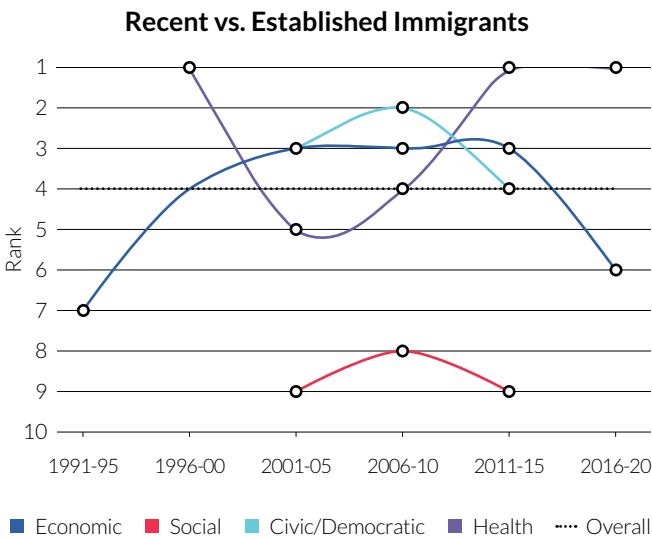
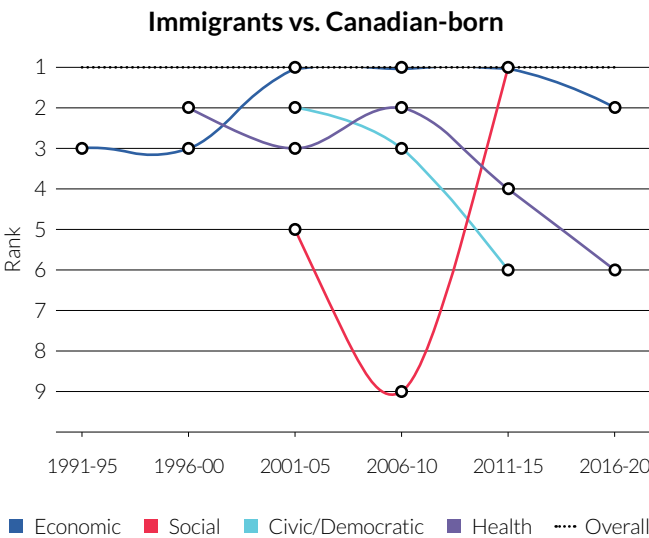
Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (5 out of 35)	9	2	3	4	6	24
	Wages	9	8	13	9	12	13
	Labour Force Participation	1	6	27	21	12	31
	Employment Rate	5	2	16	2	16	34
	Full-Time Employment Rate	34	20	6	29	20	24
	Unemployment Rate	13	1	3	1	21	31
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	2	11	7	2
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	1	18
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	12	2	10	3	6	7

MANITOBA – PROVINCIAL PROFILE

CIMI Population	Immigrants	Recent Immigrants (proportion of total immigrant population)
745,397	20.8%	28.1%

Summary: Manitoba demonstrates high levels of economic integration for immigrants relative to the Canadian-born population (ranked #1 or #2 since 2001-2005). Health integration fluctuates, trending downwards (ranked #2 in 2006-2010 to #6 in 2016-2020). There is also a steady decrease with regard to civic and democratic participation (from #2 in 2001-2005 to #6 2011-2015) while social integration fluctuates across years (ranking #9 in 2006-2010 and #1 in 2011-2015). With regard to recent vs. established immigrants, the province does not perform well in terms of social integration (ranked #8 or #9 across years). Manitoba shows moderate levels of economic integration for recent immigrants (ranging from #3 to #7 across years), and ranks high in terms of health integration (#1 since 2011-2015) as well as civic and democratic participation (#1 since 2011-2015) as well as civic and democratic participation (#2 in 2006-2010).



MANITOBA – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Immigrants vs. Canadian-born

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (2 out of 10)	3	3	1	1	1	2
	Wages	7	6	5	3	6	5
	Labour Force Participation	1	3	1	1	2	2
	Employment Rate	3	4	2	2	2	2
	Full-Time Employment Rate	3	2	2	2	5	5
	Unemployment Rate	6	4	2	3	5	3
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	1	2	1	2
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	2	2
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	6	4	3	2	2	3
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (4 out of 10)	5		9	1	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	7		4	1		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		4	2		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	5		10	2		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	5		9	3		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	6		10	4		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	5		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 10)	2		3	6	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	6		8	8		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	2		6	9		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	4		2	2		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	2		2	2		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 10)	2		3	2	4	6
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	2		4	4	2	4
	Satisfaction with Life	—		5	1	8	7
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	4		5	7	2	4
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	3		4	4	6	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 1 out of 10							

MANITOBA – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Recent vs. Established Immigrants

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (5 out of 10)	7	4	3	3	3	6
	Wages	5	5	2	3	3	6
	Labour Force Participation	7	6	4	1	1	5
	Employment Rate	7	3	3	3	2	6
	Full-Time Employment Rate	7	7	8	7	6	9
	Unemployment Rate	4	5	2	8	5	7
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	5	5	3	4
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	8	9
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	2	5	4	6	3	8
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (9 out of 10)	9		8	9	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	9		7	1		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		9	7		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	8		9	10		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	8		5	10		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	7		2	7		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	7		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (2 out of 10)	3		2	4	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	1		1	6		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	10		3	8		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	6		4	5		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	6		3	1		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (1 out of 10)	1		5	4	1	1
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	2		3	2	1	1
	Satisfaction with Life	—		10	2	3	8
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	1		5	8	2	3
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	3		5	10	2	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 4 out of 10							

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA

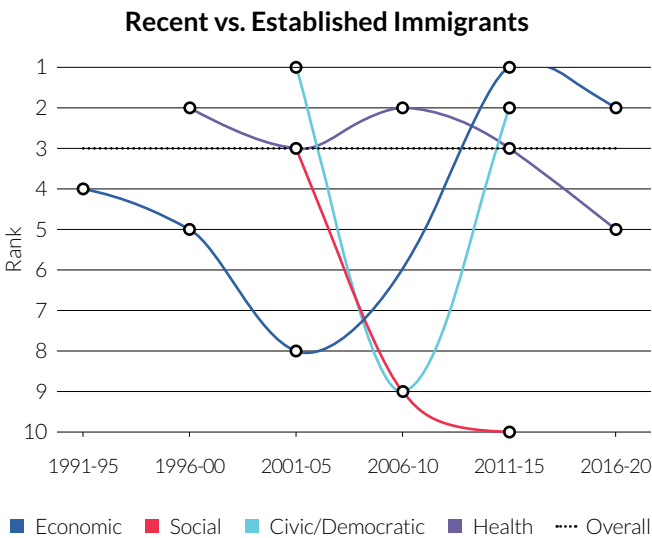
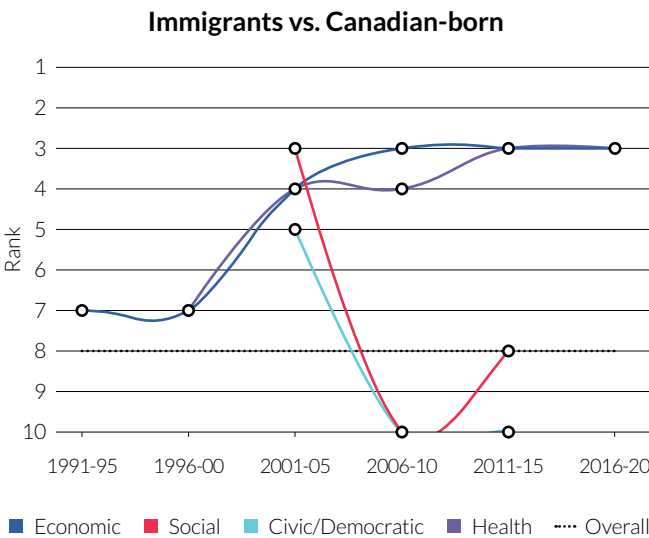
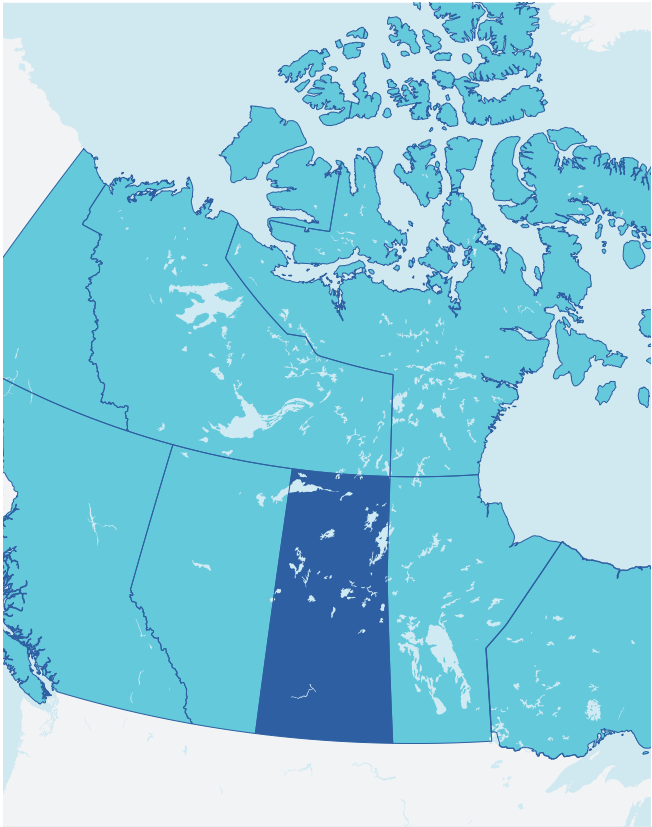
Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (4 out of 35)	6	14	1	1	7	3
	Wages	28	28	27	22	29	28
	Labour Force Participation	3	12	2	2	4	2
	Employment Rate	3	9	1	1	7	2
	Full-Time Employment Rate	4	3	5	3	11	8
	Unemployment Rate	7	11	2	10	12	5
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	4	4	6	6
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	14	13
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	18	19	11	10	18	14
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (8 out of 20)	7		18	1	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	16		9	1		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		5	4		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	7		20	4		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	16		19	7		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	4		18	4		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	8		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (14 out of 20)	4		18	16	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	12		19	13		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	3		15	17		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	6		7	10		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	4		9	10		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (4 out of 24)	2		11	6	13	8
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	1		6	11	5	7
	Satisfaction with Life	—		10	1	20	13
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	13		16	18	7	6
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	6		12	13	17	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 2 out of 20							

SASKATCHEWAN – PROVINCIAL PROFILE

CIMI Population	Immigrants	Recent Immigrants (proportion of total immigrant population)
633,576	11.4%	43.7%

Summary: Saskatchewan demonstrates rising levels of economic and health integration for immigrants vs. Canadian-born population, with both dimensions ranking #4 in 2001-2005 and #3 since the 2011-2015 time-period. On the other hand, both social and civic and democratic integration show declining trend since 2001-2005 (ranked #10 in 2006-2010). With regard to recent vs. established immigrants, there are significant fluctuations across all four dimensions. Economic integration fluctuates upward, reaching #1 in 2011-2015 and #2 in 2016-2020. Health shows moderately high integration (e.g., ranked #2 in 1996-2000 and 2006-2010) while social integration declines steeply for recent immigrants from #3 in 2001-2005 to #10 in 2011-2015. For civic integration, the province fluctuates between #1, #9 and #2 rankings (in 2001-2005, 2006-2010 and 2011-2015, respectively).



SASKATCHEWAN – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Immigrants vs. Canadian-born

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (4 out of 10)	7	7	4	3	3	3
	Wages	6	5	4	4	8	8
	Labour Force Participation	8	10	9	8	6	3
	Employment Rate	9	9	9	6	5	3
	Full-Time Employment Rate	6	6	7	6	6	4
	Unemployment Rate	9	8	7	1	4	7
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	2	1	2	3
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	3	3
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	1	3	2	1	3	1
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (8 out of 10)	3		10	8	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	5		9	7		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		8	10		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	3		8	4		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	3		4	9		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	7		7	6		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	4		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (10 out of 10)	5		10	10	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	9		9	9		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	4		10	7		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	2		9	10		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	5		9	10		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (5 out of 10)	7		4	4	3	3
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	6		6	1	4	2
	Satisfaction with Life	—		4	9	2	5
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	9		7	9	6	5
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	5		1	6	4	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 8 out of 10							

SASKATCHEWAN – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Recent vs. Established Immigrants

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (2 out of 10)	4	5	8	6	1	2
	Wages	7	8	8	9	6	2
	Labour Force Participation	2	7	5	2	2	1
	Employment Rate	3	5	7	1	1	2
	Full-Time Employment Rate	6	2	9	6	1	5
	Unemployment Rate	7	4	9	2	2	2
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	4	8	1	2
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	4	10
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	5	6	7	8	5	5
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (8 out of 10)	3		9	10	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	4		8	7		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		8	8		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	3		8	8		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	2		4	9		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	8		8	8		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	9		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (1 out of 10)	1		9	2	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	2		7	1		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	1		—	10		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	—		—	2		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	—		—	2		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (2 out of 10)	2		3	2	3	5
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	1		5	1	9	2
	Satisfaction with Life	—		2	3	4	10
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	4		3	10	3	4
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	2		1	1	1	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 3 out of 10							

REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (19 out of 35)	12	19	19	19	25	13
	Wages	22	23	12	21	22	26
	Labour Force Participation	5	32	29	29	26	8
	Employment Rate	15	23	25	23	18	6
	Full-Time Employment Rate	20	23	23	21	28	25
	Unemployment Rate	19	8	15	3	9	10
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	25	23	30	30
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	10	8
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	6	14	8	6	19	15
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (18 out of 20)	11		19	12	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	15		17	11		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		18	13		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	15		19	8		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	9		8	14		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	10		13	9		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	6		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (19 out of 20)	9		20	17	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	19		—	15		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	10		20	5		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	11		20	18		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	2		20	20		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (14 out of 24)	21		12	7	11	12
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	16		23	1	11	11
	Satisfaction with Life	—		14	13	14	10
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	18		10	6	17	9
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	20		5	22	5	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 16 out of 20							

SASKATOON, SASKATCHEWAN

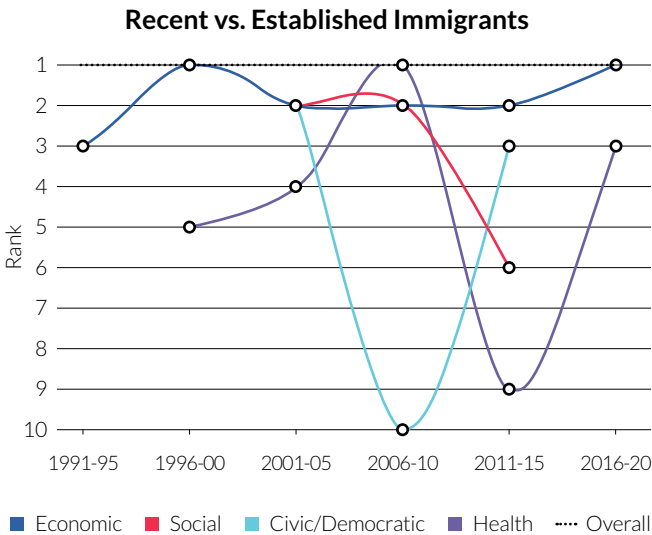
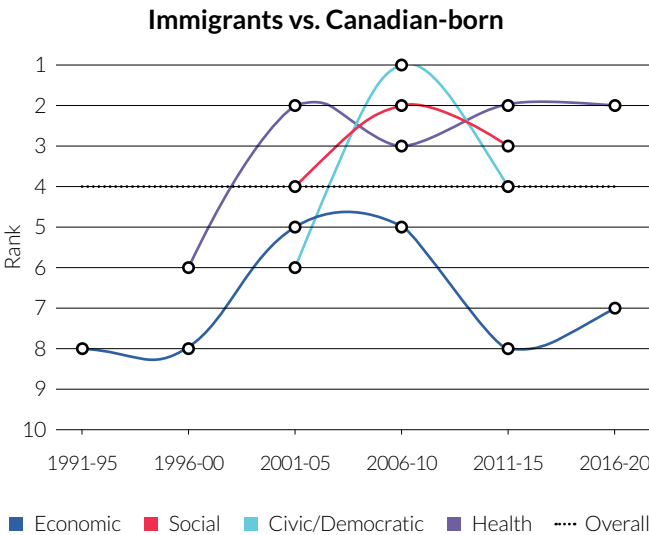
Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (16 out of 35)	21	29	13	2	19	14
	Wages	18	26	25	16	28	30
	Labour Force Participation	26	34	13	7	8	6
	Employment Rate	25	30	13	4	13	10
	Full-Time Employment Rate	25	24	27	22	17	9
	Unemployment Rate	16	24	10	2	19	25
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	7	3	11	19
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	22	20
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	15	24	16	5	24	12
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (14 out of 20)	9		14	16	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	4		12	8		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		11	18		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	12		14	17		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	11		13	17		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	16		14	12		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	2		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (20 out of 20)	20		13	20	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	8		5	11		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	17		16	18		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	20		14	20		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	20		11	19		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000	2005	2010	2014	2018	
	Dimension Rank (7 out of 24)	11	9	21	7	2	
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	9	8	5	15	2	
	Satisfaction with Life	—	11	16	3	3	
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	14	19	24	19	12	
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	9	2	—	3	—	
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 15 out of 20							

ALBERTA – PROVINCIAL PROFILE

CIMI Population	Immigrants	Recent Immigrants (proportion of total immigrant population)
2,534,411	24.5%	24.5%

Summary: Alberta demonstrates high levels of integration for health, social, and civic and democratic dimensions. Health rankings rise from #6 in 1996-2000 to #2 or #3 in subsequent time-periods. Social integration peaks at #2 in 2006-2010 while civic and democratic integration peaks at #1 among provinces in 2006-2010. The province’s lowest performance relates to economic integration, which fluctuates from a low of #8 (in 1991-1995, 1996-2000, 2011-2015) to a high of #5 (in 2001-2005 and 2006-2010). With regard to recent vs. established immigrants, Alberta demonstrates consistently high levels of economic integration, reaching #1 in 1996-2000 and 2016-2020. The other dimension rankings show less consistency across years, ranging from a low of #10 (civic and democratic in 2006-2010) to a high of #1 (health in 2006-2010).



ALBERTA – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Immigrants vs. Canadian-born

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (8 out of 10)	8	8	5	5	8	7
	Wages	8	8	8	9	9	9
	Labour Force Participation	4	7	4	4	5	5
	Employment Rate	8	8	6	5	7	8
	Full-Time Employment Rate	7	7	5	4	3	3
	Unemployment Rate	7	7	8	7	9	9
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	4	3	5	5
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	10	10
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	8	7	5	4	1	2
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003			2008	2013	2020
	Dimension Rank (2 out of 10)	4			2	3	Data not yet released
	# Close Friends	10			6	9	
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—			2	8	
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	1			1	1	
	Sense of Belonging to Province	9			2	2	
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	4			3	2	
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—			—	2	
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003			2008	2013	2020
	Dimension Rank (4 out of 10)	6			1	4	Data not yet released
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	4			4	5	
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	6			8	3	
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	5			3	4	
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	6			1	4	
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (2 out of 10)	6		2	3	2	2
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	3		1	5	5	1
	Satisfaction with Life	—		2	7	1	2
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	10		8	2	3	6
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	6		6	7	5	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 4 out of 10							

ALBERTA – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Recent vs. Established Immigrants

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (1 out of 10)	3	1	2	2	2	1
	Wages	7	1	4	6	2	3
	Labour Force Participation	4	5	2	7	4	2
	Employment Rate	5	2	5	8	4	1
	Full-Time Employment Rate	2	4	4	5	3	2
	Unemployment Rate	6	1	5	6	3	1
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	7	1	2	1
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	10	6
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	3	2	1	4	1	1
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003			2008	2013	2020
	Dimension Rank (2 out of 10)	2			2	6	Data not yet released
	# Close Friends	1			9	9	
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—			7	9	
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	2			2	7	
	Sense of Belonging to Province	3			2	7	
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	2			1	6	
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—			—	6	
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003			2008	2013	2020
	Dimension Rank (4 out of 10)	2			10	3	Data not yet released
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	4			10	3	
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	6			9	7	
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	1			2	3	
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	—			8	5	
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 10)	5		4	1	9	3
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	3		2	6	10	3
	Satisfaction with Life	—		3	1	2	9
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	3		4	1	9	1
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	10		4	2	10	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 1 out of 10							

CALGARY, ALBERTA

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (25 out of 35)	22	27	25	21	22	25
	Wages	29	32	32	32	32	32
	Labour Force Participation	7	26	10	8	11	16
	Employment Rate	12	19	12	7	15	19
	Full-Time Employment Rate	21	25	16	10	13	14
	Unemployment Rate	12	13	14	14	20	26
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	21	25	18	21
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	24	19
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	24	21	23	15	13	10
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 20)	2		10	4	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	12		19	9		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		12	8		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	1		7	1		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	4		10	5		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	2		8	6		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	12		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (4 out of 20)	5		8	7	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	10		7	4		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	18		13	9		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	4		9	7		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	3		3	9		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (5 out of 24)	14		7	11	3	5
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	2		3	9	7	1
	Satisfaction with Life	—		5	24	13	2
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	22		20	2	5	24
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	12		14	12	11	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 6 out of 20							

EDMONTON, ALBERTA

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (18 out of 35)	27	23	14	8	16	17
	Wages	31	31	30	29	31	31
	Labour Force Participation	9	13	6	4	9	12
	Employment Rate	18	12	3	3	10	12
	Full-Time Employment Rate	18	17	13	12	9	6
	Unemployment Rate	21	15	7	6	10	18
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	17	8	15	11
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	29	21
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	22	25	22	16	12	16
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (4 out of 20)	16		3	5	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	18		5	14		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		1	15		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	8		2	5		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	13		7	11		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	9		12	1		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	7		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (16 out of 20)	17		3	19	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	4		6	12		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	9		9	15		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	19		3	16		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	19		2	14		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 24)	12		4	16	2	6
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	8		7	12	18	12
	Satisfaction with Life	—		4	14	2	9
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	15		12	5	4	2
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	13		6	16	13	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 7 out of 20							

LETHBRIDGE, ALBERTA

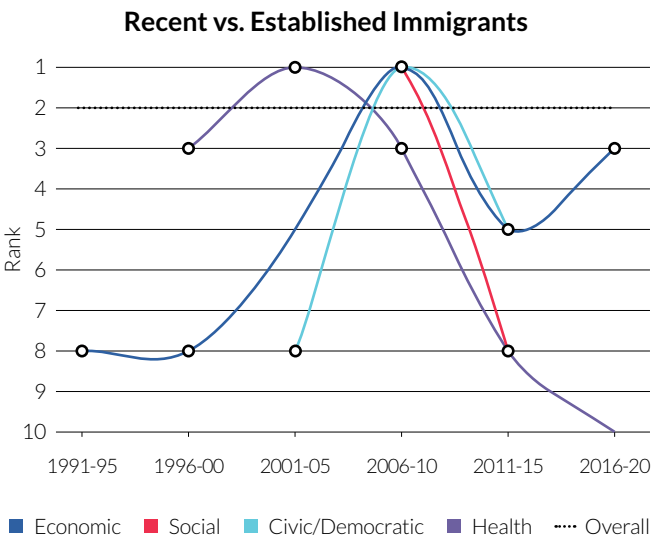
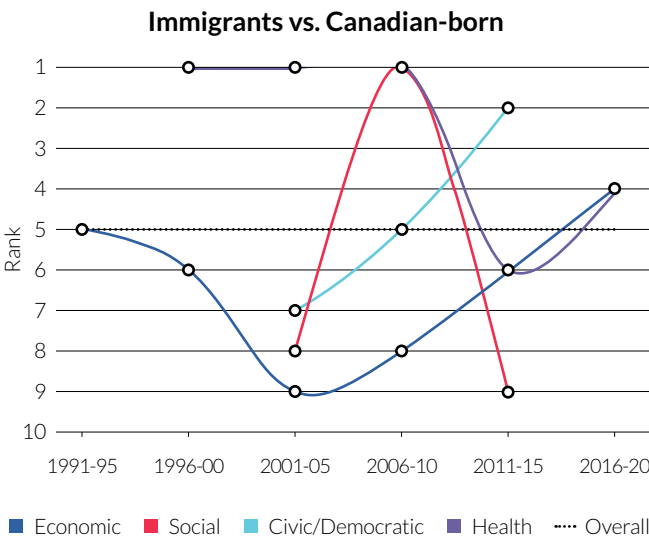
Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (2 out of 35)	8	6	11	3	5	1
	Wages	10	9	16	10	11	6
	Labour Force Participation	30	10	30	11	16	1
	Employment Rate	4	7	19	11	2	1
	Full-Time Employment Rate	16	12	17	13	29	2
	Unemployment Rate	1	5	1	11	1	1
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	9	1	12	7
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	5	12
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	17	7	3	4	14	1

BRITISH COLUMBIA – PROVINCIAL PROFILE

CIMI Population	Immigrants	Recent Immigrants (proportion of total immigrant population)
2,805,694	31.4%	13.9%

Summary: British Columbia shows moderate to low levels of economic integration for immigrants, falling from #5 in 1991-1995 to #9 in 2001-2005, but rises again to #4 in 2016-2020. The province had the highest health rankings in the nation for the 1996-2000 to 2006-2010 time-periods, but dropped to #6 in 2011-2015. Social integration levels fluctuated sharply, from #8 in 2001-2005 to #1 in 2006-2010, and down to #9 in 2011-2015. Civic and democratic integration showed a consistent trend, rising steadily from #8 in 2001-2005 to #1 in 2006-2010, and down to #9 in 2011-2015. Civic and democratic integration showed a consistent trend, rising steadily from #7 in 2001-2005 to #2 in 2011-2015. With regard to recent vs. established immigrants, the province demonstrates a sharp decline in health integration, from #1 in 2001-2005 to #10 in 2016-2020. The opposite trend was observed for economic integration, beginning with a #8 ranking for recent immigrants in 1991-1995 and climbing to #1 in 2006-2010.



BRITISH COLUMBIA – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Immigrants vs. Canadian-born

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 10)	5	6	9	8	6	4
	Wages	9	9	9	8	7	3
	Labour Force Participation	5	5	6	7	4	4
	Employment Rate	5	5	5	7	4	4
	Full-Time Employment Rate	5	4	3	3	2	1
	Unemployment Rate	5	5	5	6	6	6
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	10	9	9	9
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	5	4
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	4	6	7	7	5	4
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (5 out of 10)	8		1	9	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	8		2	5		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		3	5		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	2		2	7		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	2		3	10		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	10		8	10		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	1		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 10)	7		5	2	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	7		6	4		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	7		7	4		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	6		4	3		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	4		4	3		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000	2005	2010	2014	2018	
	Dimension Rank (1 out of 10)	1	1	1	6	4	
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	4	2	2	6	3	
	Satisfaction with Life	—	1	3	3	4	
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	1	2	1	8	9	
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	1	3	3	3	—	
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 5 out of 10							

BRITISH COLUMBIA – PROVINCIAL RANKING SUMMARY

Recent vs. Established Immigrants

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 10)	8	8	5	1	5	3
	Wages	9	9	3	1	1	1
	Labour Force Participation	6	8	6	5	5	3
	Employment Rate	6	8	6	5	6	4
	Full-Time Employment Rate	4	3	3	1	2	4
	Unemployment Rate	5	8	6	5	8	5
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	8	4	4	3
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	7	5
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	6	4	3	1	2	2
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (1 out of 10)	1		1	8	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	2		1	8		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		1	1		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	1		1	5		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	1		3	8		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	1		7	9		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	10		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 10)	8		1	5	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	5		6	4		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	7		1	6		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	8		3	4		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	1		2	10		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (5 out of 10)	3		1	3	8	10
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	4		4	3	8	9
	Satisfaction with Life	—		1	5	5	7
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	5		1	7	8	10
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	1		2	3	9	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 2 out of 10							

VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (29 out of 35)	24	30	29	28	23	19
	Wages	32	33	33	33	33	33
	Labour Force Participation	15	24	18	15	14	13
	Employment Rate	17	26	20	17	14	13
	Full-Time Employment Rate	14	19	14	8	4	5
	Unemployment Rate	18	25	20	21	14	17
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	32	32	24	27
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	9	6
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	14	27	29	30	25	25
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (12 out of 20)	19		2	17	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	19		1	2		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		3	17		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	3		6	16		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	14		3	20		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	18		7	18		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	4		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (11 out of 20)	13		9	10	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	9		13	5		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	8		6	10		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	17		10	9		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	9		12	12		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000	2005	2010	2014	2018	
	Dimension Rank (1 out of 24)	1	1	1	10	11	
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	3	5	7	10	8	
	Satisfaction with Life	—	1	2	4	7	
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	2	2	1	18	21	
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	4	9	11	12	—	
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 11 out of 20							

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (8 out of 35)	17	18	10	12	8	2
	Wages	19	24	10	4	6	1
	Labour Force Participation	19	14	5	22	5	3
	Employment Rate	21	17	6	19	11	4
	Full-Time Employment Rate	24	27	24	24	21	19
	Unemployment Rate	17	19	16	7	15	8
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	16	20	21	16
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	21	4
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	4	11	13	9	8	6
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (20 out of 20)	4		20	20	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	8		20	12		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		20	14		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	4		8	20		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	2		15	18		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	13		16	17		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	18		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (13 out of 20)	8		11	14	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	16		8	17		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	11		14	12		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	5		8	14		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	8		7	7		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000	2005	2010	2014	2018	
	Dimension Rank (16 out of 24)	15	18	8	17	17	
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor	14	17	10	8	21	
	Satisfaction with Life	—	20	15	7	14	
	Self-Perceived Life Stress	19	6	8	15	14	
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs	8	17	8	18	—	
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 9 out of 20							

ABBOTSFORD-MISSION, BRITISH COLUMBIA

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (10 out of 35)	26	20	5	5	9	8
	Wages	11	19	17	19	20	27
	Labour Force Participation	22	4	3	1	3	5
	Employment Rate	30	28	9	12	23	15
	Full-Time Employment Rate	29	14	2	1	1	1
	Unemployment Rate	31	33	22	29	29	30
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	27	24	26	26
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	8	7
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	3	4	2	7	3	2
SOCIAL	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 20)	15		8	2	Data not yet released	
	# Close Friends	13		3	3		
	# Close Friends Living in Same City / Community	—		2	1		
	Sense of Belonging to Local Community	17		11	11		
	Sense of Belonging to Province	10		18	4		
	Sense of Belonging to Canada	12		15	14		
	Victim of Discrimination (Past 5 Years)	—		—	1		
CIVIC & DEMOCRATIC	INDICATOR	2003		2008	2013	2020	
	Dimension Rank (6 out of 20)	14		17	1	Data not yet released	
	Volunteer Work (Past Year)	17		17	2		
	Involvement in Organizations (Past Year)	15		11	6		
	Vote in the Last Provincial Election	7		17	2		
	Vote in the Last Federal Election	12		6	3		
HEALTH	INDICATOR	2000		2005	2010	2014	2018
	Dimension Rank (3 out of 24)	Data not available		3	4	8	10
	Has a Regular Medical Doctor			2	4	17	5
	Satisfaction with Life			19	11	8	12
	Self-Perceived Life Stress			8	7	6	15
	Self-Perceived Unmet Healthcare Needs			11	4	6	—
Overall CIMI Ranking 1991 to 2020: 4 out of 20							

KELOWNA, BRITISH COLUMBIA

Census Metropolitan Area Ranking Summaries (Immigrant vs. Canadian-born)

ECONOMIC	INDICATOR	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
	Dimension Rank (23 out of 35)	28	21	17	27	13	5
	Wages	12	17	23	24	17	11
	Labour Force Participation	27	16	23	17	17	14
	Employment Rate	27	22	17	28	8	7
	Full-Time Employment Rate	23	30	21	28	23	18
	Unemployment Rate	25	22	11	30	4	4
	Non-Official Language at Work	—	—	24	28	28	20
	Subsidized Housing	—	—	—	—	2	1
	Low Income Cut-Offs (LICOs)	20	10	17	22	21	11

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